Legal and Governance



CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD

Date:Wednesday 14th September, 2022Time:1.00 pmVenue:Mandela room

AGENDA

- 1. Welcome
- 2. Apologies for Absence
- 3. Declarations of Interest

To receive any declarations of interest.

4.	Minutes- Corporate Parenting Board- 27 July 2022	3 - 14
5.	Ofsted update	15 - 32
	Sue Butcher, Director of Children's Services will provide an update from Ofsted to the Board.	
6.	Performance against Corporate Parenting Board Strategy	
	Rachel Farnham, Director of Children's Care will present the scorecard to the Board (this will be circulated on the day of the meeting for information)	
7.	Fostering Quarter 1	33 - 38
	Paul Rudd, Head of Service- Future for Families will provide information on the Quarter 1 fostering data to the Board	
8.	Future for Families- Transition report.	39 - 50

	Rob Hamer, Service Manager, Future for Families, will provide an evaluation report to the Board.	
9.	Nominet digital REACH programme	51 - 62
	Ralph Jordinson, Risk and Resilience Manager and Louisa Jefferson, Digital Policy Apprentice will provide an update to the Board.	
10.	Participation of Children and Young People	63 - 64
	Kathy Peacock, Voice and Influence Manager and Xavier Davies, Apprentice Youth Training & Development Officer will provide an update to the Board.	
	Kathy and Xavier will also be joined by Adam Hart, CAMHS / HeadStart Business Administrator Apprentice.	
11.	Adoption Tees Valley- Annual report	65 - 106
	Vicky Davison- Boyd, Service Manager will provide an overview of the annual report to the Board.	
12.	Any other urgent items which in the opinion of the Chair, may be considered.	

Charlotte Benjamin Director of Legal and Governance Services

Town Hall Middlesbrough Tuesday 6 September 2022

MEMBERSHIP

Councillors C Hobson (Chair), D Davison (Vice-Chair), B Cooper, A Hellaoui, T Higgins, M Saunders, Z Uddin, J Walker and D Coupe

Assistance in accessing information

Should you have any queries on accessing the Agenda and associated information please contact Susie Blood, 01642 729645, susie_blood@middlesbrough.gov.uk

CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD

A meeting of the Corporate Parenting Board was held on Wednesday 27 July 2022.

- PRESENT: Councillors C Hobson (Chair), D Davison (Vice-Chair), T Higgins, M Saunders and Z Uddin
- PRESENT BY Councillors INVITATION:
- ALSO IN Two member of CICC ATTENDANCE:
- OFFICERS: S Blood, R Brown, X Davies, R Hamer, L Jefferson, P Jemson, J O'Connor, K Peacock and G Nicholson

APOLOGIES FORCouncillors B Cooper, A Hellaoui, J Walker, M Smiles, S Butcher, T Dunn,**ABSENCE:**R Farnham, James, T Parkinson, P Rudd, D fenny, N Ayres, Dunning and D Coupe

22/1 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for Absence

22/2 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

There were no declarations of interest received at this point in the meeting.

22/3 MINUTES- CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD- 27 APRIL 2022

The minutes of the Corporate Parenting Board held on 27 April 2022 were read and accepted as a true record.

22/4 PARTICIPATION OF CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE

The Chair welcomed Kathy Peacock, Voice and Influence Manager and Xavier Davies, Apprentice Youth Training & Development Officer to the meeting to provide an update of events undertaken by the care experienced young people.

The Chair also welcomed Adam and Frankie, two members of the children in Care Council (CICC) to the meeting who along with Xavier provided the Board with the update.

The update was as follows:

CHILDREN M A T T E R

May - July 2022

Care Experienced Youth Voice

We are....

Care experienced young people between 10-25 years. Who come together, have a voice, create events to hear from more young people/adults. Share what young people want and be heard by key decision makers and professionals, who will act on what we say and positively change services to meet our needs.

Membership of the Children in Care Council (CiCC) for 10-16 year olds.

- Three young people in the same foster placement
- One young adult in supported housing (Young Leader for the group)
- One young person with SEND in a residential home (he is seen at his home to capture his views)

Membership of the Care Leavers Forum (CLF) for 16 - 25 year olds.

- One young adult in supported housing (same person who attends the CiCC)
- Care leaver who has a young child

The groups are supported by.....

- Kathy Peacock Voice and Influence Manager
- Xavier Davies Apprentice Youth Training & Development Officer
- Kelly Hammond Independent Reviewing Officer (CiCC)

Over the last 3 months....

May

June

- Started to plan a Brunch event for other looked after young people
- Three of us went to the 'Big Bosses on the Spot' event

- We went to a Youth Voice meeting to hear what the Youth Council has planned and to learn about their 'Manifesto'
- One member of the CLF went to the Care leavers BBQ and promoted the group
- We invited Rachel Farnham to come to our group in July
- The CiCC had pizza to celebrate Alfie and Adam s' birthdays
- We decided against going to FJYPB Conference in London
- One member of the CLF joined the 'Young Producers' group (meets weekly) to design a music event for all young people in Middlesbrough. Information about all the groups will be shared at this event





May - July 202

CHILDREN M A T T E R

Events

Summer

Aut umn/Winter

Care Experienced Youth Voice

- We held the CiCC Brunch. 15 young people came, nine foster carers and one residential support worker. The young people told us what else they would like to do
- Helped design the Communication and Language training session first one will be delivered on the 27th July
- Ralph Jordinson from Digiwise (Middlesbrough Council) will come to the CiCC session to speak to them about a piece of work they have done with looked after young people and staying safe on line.
- Re-book Rachel Farnham as she was busy with the OFSTED inspection

Over the next 5 months we plan to

- CiCC/CLF collaboration with Pathways Hold the Stepping Up Together event. We will promote the groups and the work planned
- 9th August CiCC and CLF at the Beach
- 10th August Possibly go to the the Climate Change Conference, Redcar and Cleveland College 10-3pm.
- Friday 2nd September Picnic in Stuarts Park for All care experienced young people and Corporate Parents. More information to follow
- Have a few more members join the groups
- Invite other senior decision makers and Corporate Members to our groups
- Work with Pathways to deliver sessions with Care leavers to look at the Local Offer
- Postcard feedback asking care leavers about the support they get and what changes they would like
- Work with NEET care leavers to find out what they want re Training/Employment/Opportunities
- Continue deliver Communication and Language sessions
- Look at having specialised BBOTS sessions for care experienced young people
- Be part of the Middlesbrough Town Hall Takeover (see draft flyer)
- Design logo's for the groups
 - Finalise our TOR for the groups and know what our budget is, so we can work out what we can afford to do
- Plan a Christm as party for looked after young people
- Plan a Celebration event/party for care leavers
- Have m ore fun as groups look at swim m ing/Flam ingo Land/Clim bing/Cinem a









The young people thanked the Corporate Parenting Board for listening to them, outlining it was nice to see decision makers take an interest in young people and make change. The young people were also invited to attend

The Director of Education asked if there were one thing, they as care experienced young people would like to change, what would that be? In response, Adam expressed that he felt

they were supported but to continue to listen to young people. Frankie expressed more funding, however he was made aware this may not always be possible.

AGREED That the update be noted.

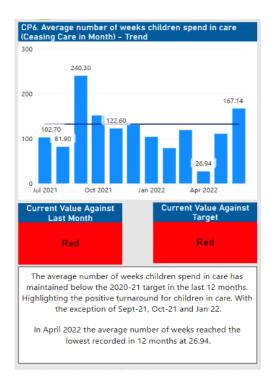
22/5 PERFORMANCE AGAINST CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD STRATEGY

The Head of Looked after Children and Corporate Parenting was in attendance and provided the Board with information relating to the Corporate Parenting Board scorecard. Due to the number of slides, the Head of service addressed the key parts to Board: CP1: Number of children in care:

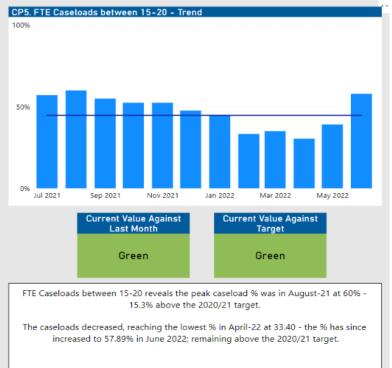


CP3. Ratio of children entering to leaving care - Trend							
Date	Ratio						
01/07/21	0.6:1						
01/08/21	0.6:1						
01/09/21	0.6:1						
01/10/21	0.6:1						
01/11/21	0.6:1						
01/12/21	0.6:1						
01/01/22	0.6:1						
01/02/22	0.6:1						
01/03/22	0.7:1						
01/04/22	0.8:1						
01/05/22	0.8:1						
01/06/22	0.9:1						
Current Value Last Mo							
Red	Green						

The numbers of children starting a period of care remained stable, until recent months where the ratio increased. This shows in June 2022, for every 0.8 children starting care 1 ceased.

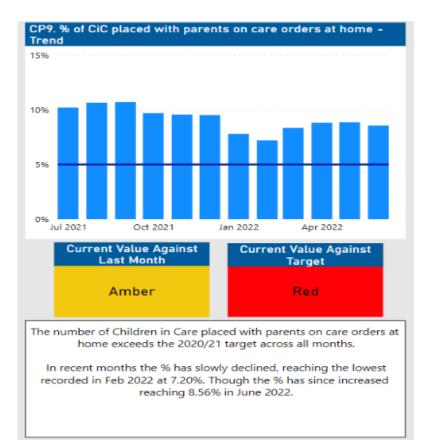


In terms of the Average number of weeks children spend in care, over the past 12 months, the Council has met their target but In June it was above target, however this depends on the children who exist care.



In terms of caseloads for social workers:

This caseload numbers has been the highest it's been since August 2021 and several factors impact this, for example, the recruitment of social workers. There are a number of vacancies, however there is a workforce development strategy and a recruitment campaign in place to address this. Nationally there are difficulties recruiting social workers , and there is often a reliance on agency staff. A board member enquired about the ratio of agency staff, and this would be circulated after the meeting.



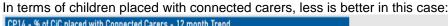
This information was important as it advised that Board that of all the children in care, 8.56% are at home with a placement under a care order.

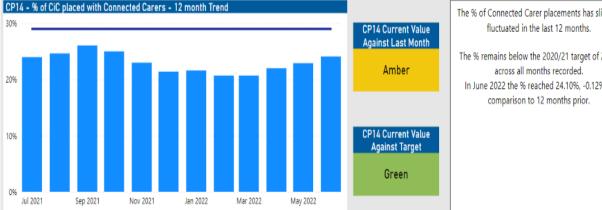




The % of In-house foster carer placement remained relatively stable in the last 12 m

The % exceeded the 21% 2020/21 target in 22 and remained above the target in recent until June-22 when the % reached 20.9





Following the presentation, a Board member remarked that the numbers look good, however questioned whether there were any social workers with caseloads more than 20. In response, the Head of service outlined that in some instances this was the case due to pressures within

different service areas.

A question surrounding the number of social workers and terms of employment for newly qualified / senior social workers (contract hours and time off in lieu) was also discussed. This information was not available at the meeting, however this would be distributed.

The Director of Education and Partnerships, further advised that the recruitment of social workers was not unique to Middlesbrough nor was recruitment to services of frontline staff e.g. school nursing. The Independent review of children's social care by Josh MacAlister was also made reference too.

The Improvement journey was referred too, as it was encouraging to see that now children are on their right plan of permanence.

The Head of service was thanked for her presentation.

AGREED- That the information be noted

22/6 FEEDBACK FROM MONITORING VISIT- PERMANENCE

The Head of looked after children and Corporate Parenting provided the Board with feedback from the current ofsted monitoring visit.

On 29 and 30 March 2022, there was a 2 day monitoring visit, this was the third Monitoring Visit since the last full inspection (plus a focused visit)

There were two Inspectors, and the local authority was given two week's preparation. This was the first 'face to face' visit and areas covered were as follows:

- Matching, placement and decision-making for Children in Care
- Planning and achieving permanence for children.

The monitoring Visit feedback letter was published 6th May 2022 and a link to the letter was included within the presentation for members.

They first asked us, how well we knew ourselves:

This was evidenced by our

- Detailed improvement plan
- Accurate Self Assessment (SEF) and this was considered to be 'Spot On'.

We know this through

- Our Quality Assurance processes It is not just about compliance
- Robust reviewing processes and panels
- Audits the learning loop is crucial
- Our centre for practice excellence was considered excellent and it is our central focus for collating learning and improvement.

In terms of permanence, feedback was as follows:

- There was a systemic framework for permanency planning it's less reactive and more forward looking.
- Stronger practice with children who have come into care more recently and more thought about early permanence planning
- Permanency plans now include parallel planning to avoid drift and delay for children.
- Social workers know children need permanence and know what they need to do to achieve it.
- Regular and high quality supervision actively contribute to early permanence planning
- Monthly Permanence Monitoring Group (PMG) meetings track and quality assure both plans and progression towards permanence

Positives from the visit were as follows:

- Children in Care are visited regularly
- Most Social Workers know their children well and have built trusting relationships with

them.

- · Good direct work calibrated to a child's age and understanding
- Children's voices are informing their planning.
- Family Time
 - · Children benefit from safely assessed family time
 - Family time with wider family members is well considered
 - Brother and sister 'Together or Apart' assessments are completed quickly and relationships are maintained if they can't live together.
- · Children are brought into care in a more timely way through better court applications
- Good feedback from the local judiciary and Children and Family Court Advisory and Support Service (CAFCASS)
- Child Permanence Reports are sensitively written
- Social Workers understand the need for children to have life story work so they will understand their parentage and identity as they grow up
- · Children's records are written directly to the child by social workers who know them
- Children will be able to see the thought that went into the planning for their forever homes.
- Care planning meetings, supervision sessions, reviews and legal gateway are well recorded forums for reflective and creative thinking. They provide clear oversight of the plans and actions for the best interests of children. Therefore children experience less delay.
- Independent Reviewing Officers have improved oversight of children's plans. There is evidence of them carrying out mid-point reviews to consider if these plans are progressing.

The head of service provided the board with the points to consider which were identified from the visit:

- There is still some impact on children from a legacy of absent or poor planning.
- Some children have experienced earlier unplanned placement moves and consequent disruption and instability
- There are a number of children placed with family members who have not been assessed and approved as connected foster carers.
- There is a minority of children with complex needs in unregistered children's homes awaiting a suitably matched regulated placement. The carer's ability to meet their needs is undetermined and unregulated.
- However, leaders are aware of these children and all have individual assessments and cumulative oversight to mitigate against risk.
- Senior leaders know their services well
- Social workers spoke positively about the determined efforts to make improvements and create the conditions for good social work practice through clear expectations and standards.
- They value the
 - Support from their team members
 - Training and development programme
 - Growing supportive working culture

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There was a further Monitoring Visit that took place on 13-14 July 2022. This focused specifically on the support and services provided within the MACH, Early Help and the Assessment Service. The letter will be published on 17 August 2022.

The next Monitoring Visit will take place in November 2022 and will focus on the support and services to Care Leavers, however this has yet to be confirmed.

Board members welcomed the comments from the visit and thanked all the officer for their work and focus.

A Board member finally queried how long Middlesbrough Children's Services would be expected to be under Ofsted monitoring and in response the head of service advised in normal circumstances it would be 3 years.

AGREED- That the feedback be noted.

22/7 REVIEW OF SUFFICIENCY ACTION PLAN

The Chair welcomed the Specialist Commissioning & Procurement Senior Manager to the meeting to provide an update of the highlight report of the Sufficiency action plan which was devised out the Corporate Parenting Board Strategy.

The Sufficiency Action Plan would be reviewed and updated as actions were completed or as new work was identified in the event of any changes to our sufficiency needs over the 3-year cycle of our plan. The Board last received an update in March 2022.

As with the Permanency action plan, the Sufficiency action plan was broken up into 6 themed areas, with a key accountable officer who works closely with the Manager.

The themes were as follows:

Theme 1 - Strengthening Commissioning for Children and Young People

Theme 2 – Increasing Placements Close to where Children and Young People live and learn

Theme 3 – Growing Early Intervention & Prevention

Theme 4 – Improving Placements & Support for Care Leavers

Theme 5 – Enhancing Learning Outcomes for Children & Young People

Theme 6 – Building Our Fostering Capacity and Adoption Outcomes

The Manager went through each of the priorities and identified what has been achieved since the action plan had been last updated. Full details of these were outlined in the report which had been circulated to the Board prior to the meeting.

The Manager outlined the impact/ data and performance; these being:

- Weekly reporting on residential placement activity continues and is providing greater level of data on placement changes and needs.
- Recruitment continues to be a national issue in a number of areas and work to ensure levels of staffing both internally and externally continues.
- Agency staff are being utilised and internal recruitment campaigns are on-going.

The Board were made aware that in terms of going forward, a full refresh of the Commissioning Action plan was needed and would be completed by November 2022.

Following the presentation, the Board sought clarification on the number of new providers and it was confirmed that there were three. The third was to provide accommodation for children with complex needs which was pleasing. In terms of Daniel Court, there was a greater need above the capacity and the Chair queried whether another home offering the same facilities should be opened. It was commented that this was being discussed as part of the placement planning meetings.

A note of clarification was also sought in terms of external businesses who come to Middlesbrough to open a home and whether they work closely with the Council to offer places to Middlesbrough children. The Manager advised that a meeting with be established with any new potential suppliers , which would include a member of the commissioning team and future for families and the type of provision they plan to open would be discussed, and if appropriate we would look to put forward a business case with them, of we felt the provision would benefit some of our children's needs. Two out of the three providers are already having in depth conversations with the local authority.

The Manager was thanked for her presentation.

AGREED- That the information be noted.

22/8 FUTURE FOR FAMILIES-RELATIONAL PRACTICE SERVICE

The Chair welcomed by the Rob Hamer, Futures for Families Service Manager and Julie O'Connor Restorative Relational Practice Coordinator to the meeting, to introduce the relational practice service, which is another arm of future for families.

It's an adaptation from the Restorative academy, which has been created in North Yorkshire and colleagues from North Yorkshire are being extremely supportive to Middlesbrough during this set up. North Yorkshire have been very successful with this approach and Middlesbrough are delighted that this will be introduced.

The Relational Practice Service (RPS) is a part of Futures for Families and offers job opportunities for care experienced and service connected young people aged 18 years plus, to allow them to use their past experiences to help other young people.

The Relational Practice Workers offer support and guidance to young people who are otherwise struggling to engage with other services. The workers form a trusted relationship with the young person, as a peer mentor, who they can express their thoughts, wishes and feelings to. The young people go on to achieve qualifications and job roles e.g. within North Yorkshire, a number of young people are now working within children's social work and another has gone onto University.

The missions and values of RPS were as follows:

- ► To develop resilience and empathy in young people and young adults through engaging with their personal experiences and those of others;
- To offer young people an opportunity to be Relational Practice advocates post training to support young people in a range of settings;
- To offer continued self-development for young people and young adults in effective communication;
- ► To offer training, work experience and career development opportunities to those employed within the service;
- ► The Relational Practice Workers engage with young people where other agencies have not been successful, and will act as a voice for the young person, encouraging reflection on their own current experience

How does this fit with future for families?

- Relational Practice Workers will be supported by the Restorative Relational Practice Coordinator within Futures for Families.
- ► When employed these workers will be trained in a variety of qualifications -Mandatory Council and restorative / Relational / trauma informed approach
- ▶ The role will deliver Restorative Relational Practice support, complete mentoring work,

and offer Asdan awards if appropriate.

- Gaining this experience will enable the Restorative Workers to apply for vacant roles within resource and residential teams.
- Currently looking at young people 18 years, however the service may look at younger as Middlesbrough do have a number of NEETS.

Interventions provided by RRP are as follows:

- Conflict resolution interventions led by young people and young adults supervised by the Relational Practice Service offering a variety of services
- Supporting young people with tenancy disputes (supporting Housing meetings)
- ▶ Group and circle work in Residential (supporting Residential meetings)
- Supporting relationship repair with those around a young person
- Supporting young people with issues of bullying
- Supporting young people in Schools
- Offering training and support to professionals
- Offering training to other young people and adults

The Board members were very impressed with the RRP and the Manager advised that those care experienced young people already undertaking apprenticeships with the Council, would be able to undertake RRP as a separate role. This would top up their money which they already receive through their apprenticeship. AGREED- That the information be noted.

22/9 ANY OTHER URGENT ITEMS WHICH IN THE OPINION OF THE CHAIR, MAY BE CONSIDERED.

No items.

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MIDDLESBROUGH COUNCIL CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD



Report of:	Sue Butcher Executive Director of Children's Services	
Submitted to:	Corporate Parenting Board 14 th September 2022	
Subject:	Ofsted Monitoring Visit to Children's Services July 2022	

Contribution to the guiding principles of the Corporate Parenting Strategy

This report relates to social work and social care practice that takes place to support and safeguard children and young people in their own homes <u>so that they do not need to become looked after by</u> <u>the local authority.</u> The guiding principles remain relevant but not in the context of the local authority being a child or young person's corporate parent.

Your Home

Supporting and safeguarding children and young people in their own homes

Your Family and Friends

Working to support families to stay together and build their networks within their extended families, with friends and within their communities.

Your Education, Your Adult life, Your Health and Wellbeing

Working to ensure that children are safe and secure in their homes with their families. This means that they are more likely to reach their educational potential and grow up to be healthy, emotionally secure and thrive in their adult life.

Your Voice and Influence

Listening to children and young people so their voices and views shape the services they receive.

Is the report confidential or does it contain exempt information?

No

What is the purpose of this report?

To provide members of the Corporate Parenting Board with an update from the Ofsted Monitoring visit that took place in July 2022.

Report Background

This monitoring visit was the fifth visit by Ofsted since the full inspection of Children's Services in November/December 2019 which judged the service as inadequate overall. (Report published Jan 2020).

The visit focused on

- The front door service that receives contacts and referrals
- Child protection enquiries,
- Early help assessments
- Step-up and step down to early help

The headline findings are as follows

Positives

- Front door services have continued to develop and improve overseen by the Improvement Board
- Robust and comprehensive quality assurance programme ensures leaders have an accurate understanding of practice and its impact on children and families Expansion of the offer of early help support to vulnerable children
- Stronger and wider partnerships in the MACH
 - Improving the quality of information,
 - The richness of information-sharing
 - Leading to better informed decision making.

Areas needing focus

- Workforce instability and increased demand in the assessment service have slowed down throughput
- Additional pressure on some social workers' caseloads and quality of practice
- Unfinished assessments and incomplete records have led to delays and risks being fully assessed for some children

The areas needing focus will become part of the refreshed Children's Services Improvement Plan which is monitored on a six-weekly basis by the Multi-Agency Strategic Improvement Board (MASIB).

The most significant area of concern remains the recruitment and retention of experienced, permanent social workers as this affects all of the area needing focus as set out above. Colleagues from Human Resources are reporting to the next MASIB meeting on the continuing efforts to recruit and retain such staff.

Appendices

Ofsted set out their findings from this Monitoring Visit in full in a letter published on 17th August 2022. This letter and a slide deck for presentation at the Corporate Parenting Board Meeting is circulated with this covering report.

Recommendations

That the Corporate Parenting Board notes Ofsted's feedback as set out in the feedback latter dated 17th August 2022.

Why is this being recommended?

This is recommended so that members of the Corporate Parenting Board are kept fully appraised of the progress being made by Children's Services and the particular areas needing focus.

Other potential decisions and why these have not been recommended

N/A

Impact of recommended decision

No specific impact from noting the report. However the feedback letter will inform the refreshing of the Children's Services improvement plan.

Legal

N/A in the context of noting this report.

Financial

N/A in the context of noting this report

Policy Framework

N/A in the context of noting this report

Equality and Diversity

N/A in the context of noting the report

Risk

N/A in the context of noting the report

Actions to be taken to implement the decision(s)

The Children's Services improvement plan is being refreshed and will continue to be monitored by MASIB

Background papers

None

Contact: Sue Butcher

Email: Sue_Butcher@middlesbrough.gov.uk

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Ofsted Piccadilly Gate Store Street Manchester M1 2WD

T 0300 123 1231 Textphone 0161 618 8524 enquiries@ofsted.gov.uk www.gov.uk/ofsted



17 August 2022

Sue Butcher Executive Director of Children's Services Middlesbrough Council PO Box 505, 3rd Floor Civic Centre Middlesbrough TS1 9FZ

Dear Sue

Monitoring visit to Middlesbrough children's services

This letter summarises the findings of the monitoring visit to Middlesbrough children's services on 13 and 14 July 2022. This was the fourth monitoring visit since the local authority was judged inadequate in January 2020. There has also been a focused assurance visit in July 2021. Her Majesty's inspectors for this visit were Louise Hollick and Matt Reed.

Areas covered by the visit

Inspectors reviewed the progress made in the following areas of concern identified at the last inspection:

- The front door service that receives contacts and referrals.
- Child protection enquiries, such as strategy discussions or section 47 enquiries.
- Child in need assessments.
- Early help assessments.
- Step-up and step-down to early help.

This visit was carried out in line with the inspection of local authority children's services (ILACS) framework.

Headline findings

The corporate leadership team has continued to develop and improve services at the front door since the last inspection in November 2019. The multi-agency strategic improvement board has overseen positive service improvements since Ofsted last visited the front door service in a monitoring visit in September 2020. An area of improvement has been to expand the offer of early help support to vulnerable children. There are stronger and wider partnerships in the Multi-Agency Children's



Hub (MACH), which are improving the quality of referrals, the richness of information-sharing, and leading to better-informed decision-making. Workforce instability and increased demand in the assessment service have led to the slowing of throughput of children's cases in this service. This is placing additional pressure on some social workers' caseloads and the quality of practice. Unfinished assessments and incomplete records have led to delays for some children in their circumstances and risks being fully assessed. Senior leaders have identified the pressures within this service and have very recently added an additional managed team to add capacity.

Findings and evaluation of progress

The executive Director of Children's Services (DCS) and the senior leadership team continue to track and monitor improvements to services to children at the front door. Practice improvement is supported by a robust and comprehensive quality assurance programme including thematic audits, deep dive audits, and regular scrutiny of performance data. This enables leaders to have an accurate understanding of the quality of practice and the impact of this on children and families' experiences. Audits conclude that practice within the assessment service still needs to improve, with a quarter of audits rated as inadequate. Within the MACH and early help service, audits demonstrate a significant improvement with the majority of practice now rated as good.

A wide menu of support services and targeted interventions is available through early help services, coordinated by partner agencies as lead professionals. When children's needs escalate, families are offered early help assessments through the local authority 'stronger families' teams. In the children's cases sampled by inspectors, early help interventions at this level are preventing risks escalating and reducing the need for statutory social care intervention.

Managers in the 'stronger families' early help service have robust oversight of work. There is routine auditing and performance data scrutiny to ensure consistent quality of practice. There is timely allocation of children to practitioners, with prompt and meaningful initial contact. Children promptly step up and step down from early help in line with their needs. As a result, more families are working with early help and their circumstances are improving. There are high caseloads within the early help teams that impact on practitioners' capacity for intensive work. There has been investment in additional capacity within the early help service. Additional teams and team managers have been created, and recruitment is in process to increase the number of workers in line with the increased demand.

In the small sample seen, early help assessments are thorough and completed in partnership with families. They include direct work with children, the views of parents, and consider the needs of all the children in the family. The resulting 'my family plan' includes the family goals to develop a shared plan that families actively engage with. For a small number of children, actions in the plan do not always



include all the presenting risks from the initial contact. This can result in potential risks to children being lost and left unaddressed. During this visit, the manager identified these gaps and subsequently was able to direct the worker to improve the plans to ensure all risks were captured.

The remit and responsibilities of the MACH have increased in response to the volume of work at the front door and the need to improve partnership working. Leaders have correspondingly increased partner presence and social work management posts to ensure there is adequate capacity to manage this increased demand. Managers have worked with partner agencies to improve the quality of contacts and referrals into the MACH in line with the agreed threshold document. This has led to a significant number of police contacts being sent back when they do not meet the threshold and is leading to more appropriate police contacts into the MACH. This is ensuring that children and families referred through the MACH receive a well-co-ordinated response in line with their needs.

A daily multi-agency triage meeting screens police notifications to enable detailed information to be shared between agencies and facilitates effective decision-making. Actions from the meeting are promptly followed up by the social worker. This ensures that responses to police contacts are timely and families are not waiting for a response or outcome.

Managers in the MACH make appropriate and timely decisions regarding children's contacts. There is effective management oversight of all work and precise record-keeping. Appropriate management direction is provided to social workers when they are allocated new contacts to screen. This ensures they are clear about next steps and what actions need to be taken to gather information and safeguard children.

Concerns about children are appropriately 'RAG' rated by managers to ensure the most urgent children's cases are given priority. Timescales for screening children's contacts are monitored by managers. They ensure that any delays are appropriate and in the best interests of children, so that a well-informed decision can be made. Children whose risks are such that they need an immediate response are considered without delay. If an urgent visit is required, this is completed on the same day. This ensures that children and families are effectively safeguarded in line with the level of initial risk rating.

Social worker screenings of contact and referrals in the MACH are comprehensive and much improved since the last inspection. Screening considers past history to understand previous concerns, as well as considering presenting issues. Parents are routinely contacted to be made aware of the concerns, to clarify information and to confirm they give consent for information-gathering and next steps.

When there are escalating risks to children, strategy meetings are promptly held. Partner agency attendance at strategy meetings has improved since the last visit, and this enables a significant level of multi-agency information to be shared. This is



assisting in well-informed shared decision-making. Strategy meetings are identifying key risks and discussing immediate actions to safeguard children. In most strategy meetings, the decision-making is appropriate and informs the next steps. This is ensuring that children have a plan to protect them from escalating harm.

For a small number of children, the response is disproportionate to the level of risk and need. This means that some children and families are subject to strategy meetings and section 47 child protection enquiries unnecessarily, when a lower threshold of intervention would suffice. This is overly intrusive for families and provides a disproportionate chronology of risks on children's records. It also adds extra work pressures on social workers, who have to complete additional assessments and enquiries.

Children's section 47 child protection enquiries and child in need assessments are thorough and most are completed in a timeframe suitable for the child's needs. Good-quality direct work with children is ensuring that their wishes and feelings are clearly identified and included in assessments. The voice of the child in assessments is now consistently clearer. Parents, including non-resident parents, are consulted and included. Relevant partner information adds richness to the assessment. Analysis of children's risks and needs is clear and is leading to appropriate next steps in the majority of assessments.

A legacy of poor practice has left some children being referred back to the service as the quality of previous intervention has not met their sustained needs. Leaders have introduced a monthly panel to monitor re-referrals and to identify practice deficits. For some children transferred to the assessment service, consent for a child in need assessment has been withdrawn, leading to assessments not being completed and children's needs being unaddressed. Leaders have now strengthened senior management oversight of decisions to close assessments due to no parental consent.

In the past three months, there have been challenges in managing demand and throughput of work in the assessment service. There has been an increased volume of work, and children with more complex circumstances have required more detailed assessments and responses. For some social workers, this has created additional pressures in workload and higher caseloads. This has meant there have been some gaps in case recording and case records not being finalised. This leaves some children's records incomplete and can lead to gaps or delay in identifying and responding to their needs. For a small number of children, social workers have left the service before finishing the children's assessments, meaning that these have had to be re-allocated to a new worker. As a result, there has been a delay in the children's circumstances and risks being fully assessed. Senior leaders have identified the pressures within this service and have very recently added an additional managed team to add capacity.

Workforce instability remains a challenge and has contributed to some of the difficulties within the assessment service. Middlesbrough still has a significant



number of agency teams and social workers to cover permanent vacancies. The majority of these agency workers have worked in the service for a significant length of time and, therefore, have a good level of local practice knowledge. Leaders have developed a substantial workforce development offer to encourage permanent social workers to the service, including a generous financial package and a comprehensive training offer. Currently employed staff spoke positively about working in Middlesbrough and feel well supported by their colleagues and managers. The DCS and senior leaders are highly visible and hold regular engagement sessions with staff to keep them informed and motivated.

I am copying this letter to the Department for Education.

Yours sincerely

Louise Hollick Her Majesty's Inspector This page is intentionally left blank



Middlesbrough Children's Services

Ofsted Monitoring Visit July 2022

Summary of Findings

Sue Butcher





Middlesbrough





Context

- Fourth Monitoring Visit (plus a focused assurance visit in July 2021)
- Two weeks' preparation
- Two days on site 13th/14th July
- Two inspectors reviewed progress made since the last full inspection on
 - The front door service that receives contacts and referrals
 - Child protection enquiries,
 - Early help assessments
 - Step-up and step down to early help

Headline Findings



Positives

28

- Front door services have continued to develop and improve overseen by the Improvement Board
- Robust and comprehensive quality assurance programme ensures leaders have an accurate understanding of practice and it's impact on children and families Expansion of the offer of early help support to vulnerable children
- Stronger and wider partnerships in the MACH ₽age
 - Improving the quality of information,
 - The richness of information-sharing
 - Leading to better informed decision making.

Areas needing focus

- Workforce instability and increased demand in the assessment service have slowed down throughput
- Additional pressure on some social workers' caseloads and quality of practice
- Unfinished assessments and incomplete records have led to delays and risks being fully assessed for some children

Findings/Evaluation of Progress – Early Help Children

Positives

- Audits demonstrate that the majority of practice is rated as good
- Interventions are preventing risks escalating and reducing the need for statutory intervention.
 Families' circumstances are improving
- Managers have robust oversight of work (auditing and performance data)
- Prompt 'step-up' and 'step down' aligned with children's needs
- Additional teams and team managers have been created and ongoing recruitment
- In the sample seen assessments are thorough and completed with families
- My family plans include family goals a shared plan for families to actively engage in.

Areas needing focus

- High Case loads impact on practitioners' capacity for intensive work
- For some children, actions in the plan do not address all the presenting risks





Positives

- Audits demonstrate that the majority of practice is rated as good
- An increase in partner presence and sw management posts to ensure capacity for increased remit and responsibilities
- Work with partner agencies to improve the quality of contacts and referrals –well coordinated response for children in line with their needs.
- Triage ensures timely response to police contacts
- Managers make appropriate and timely decisions and oversight
- Concerns are rag rated ensuring safeguarding is in line with initial risk rating.
- Screenings of contacts and referrals comprehensive included past history and contact with parents
- Strategy meetings
 - Are held promptly
 - Improved partnership presence assisting information sharing
 - Appropriate decision making
 - Children have a plan in place to protect them from escalating harm.

Assessment Service

Positives



- Child Protection enquiries and CiN assessments are thorough and mostly completed in timescale.
- The voice of the child is consistently clearer and parents are consulted
- Analysis of risks and needs are clear and leads to appropriate next steps
- The legacy of poor practice means some children are referred back to the service as their sustained needs have not been met. Monthly panel introduced.
- Consent withdrawn on transfer strengthened senior manager oversight of decisions to close due to lack of consent.
- e 31

Areas needing focus

- 25% of audits are inadequate
- In the last three months, challenges in managing demand and throughput due to increased volume of demand and complexity of children's circumstances are causing additional workload pressures and higher caseloads.
- Some gaps in case recording ad case records not finalised leaves children's records incomplete and can lead to gaps or delay in identifying and responding to children's needs.
- Social workers have left before finishing assessments and reallocating work has led to delay
- Workforce issues remain a challenge and have contributed to difficulties in the assessment service. Significant number of agency staff and agency teams. However, substantial workforce development offer.



Next Steps

 Next Monitoring Visit in November focusing on Care Experienced Young People

Page 32

- Annual Engagement Conversation (across Children's Services) in Dec 2022
- Judgement inspection best guess Feb 2023
- Thank you to Everyone across the Service for your dedication to evidence that 'Middlesbrough Children Matter'.

Corporate Parenting Board Quarterly Report 22/23

Agenda Item





Our mission is to show Middlesbrough children that they matter.

Fostering Service 2022 – 2023 Quarterly Report, April to June 2022

Data collated as of the 30.6.22



	Quarter 4 (21/22)	Quarter 1(22/23)	
Number of Enquiries Number of Initial Visits	38 14	63 5	Cumulative data from April to June 22
Number of fostering families	119	117	As of the 30.6.22
Number of children placed Inhouse fostering IFA	180 145	191 145	As of the 30.6.22
De – registrations (households) Mainstream Connected Foster to adopt	5 (10 placements)	2 (4 placements)	As of the 30.6.22
Panel activity(households) Newly approved;			
Reviews	9	40	Cumulative data from April to June 2022
Mainstream fostering families	0	0 (1 awaiting ADM)	
Connected fostering families	8 (12 children)	2	
Matches for children and their long term fostering families	10 (20 children)	5 (6 children)	-
Supported Lodgings	0	0	7



What is working well

• We now have the highest number of children placed with in-house fostering families.

March 2019 IFA 154 Inhouse 124 - 44%

March 2020 IFA 160 Inhouse 158 - 50%

March 2021 IFA 163 Inhouse 164 - 50 %

March 2022 IFA 145 Inhouse 180- 55%

June 2022 IFA 145 Inhouse 191 - 57 %

- We have seen an increase in fostering enquiries due to the sustained marketing campaign; to date, we have received 63 enquiries which exceeds our target of 46 by the end of July 2022.
- 88% of Foster Carer reviews were held within timescales
- · No connected carers assessments have gone out of the 24 week timescale
- We have timescales and practice guidance on connected assessments making them more robust and child-focused
- <u>We have a stable team and two agency workers have now been recruited into permanent posts.</u>
- The introduction of Birth Child, Therapeutic Parenting Support Groups, and a Men Who Foster Group are underway
- 😨 workers within the team are undertaking a12 month programme of Trauma-Informed Practice training with John Scadden.
- Trauma-Informed supervision sessions with foster carers, CLA social workers, and Education and supervising social workers have been optroduced to support fragile placements.
- Management oversight and grip continues to increase and is supporting the improvement of practice and compliance across the service.
- The Pilot Constellation for the Mockingbird Project is in place and due to launch in September.

What are we worried about

- Connected Carer Referrals have increased by 33% due to influx of children coming into the care of the LA, which has increased workload for social worker, creating pressure on timescales and performance. This has seen a rise in 8 week extensions and tasks not completed in 16 weeks.
- While initial enquiries have increased many enquirers do not progress often choosing to progress with an IFA due in part to the current financial offer.
- In June a fostering family, long-term matched with 3 Middlesbrough children, transferred to an IFA at a considerable long-term cost to the LA; in addition, another fostering family has registered their intention to transfer to an IFA to improve their financial situation.
- The number of children that continue to be placed in unregulated connected care placements as a result of no ,or negative assessments.



What makes things more complicated

- At present we pay newly approved carers £0 per week and a banding payment can only be awarded once carers have completed their Training Support and Development Standards, usually at the point of their first review (12 months after approval) IFA's pay a full weekly rate per child from the day of approval recognising the crucial and professional role that carers play in caring for and supporting our children looked after.
- The current financial package offered by Middlesbrough cannot compete with that offered by IFA's and is hindering our campaign to recruit and retain our fostering families.

<u>Plan</u>

- We aim to be able to meet the needs of 70% of our looked-after children through in-house fostering provision by the end of 2024 and need to recruit a substantial number of fostering families to achieve this.
- We aim to review our financial offer to foster carers in order to complete with IFA's and support our campaign to 'keep Middlesbrough children with Middlesbrough Carers'.
- Middlesbrough children with Middlesbrough Carers'.
 We are seeking support from an agency social worker, to relieve pressure on the team and service. To continue to ensure that children's permanency under connected carers remit remains timely and robust.
 The sim is that with increased and sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will increase to a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enguiree will be a sustained marketing activi
 - The aim is that with increased and sustained marketing activity throughout 2022 the initial enquires will increase to 200 in 2023 which should result in 20 fostering families being approved in 2023.

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MIDDLESBROUGH COUNCIL CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD



Report of:	Rob Hamer Service Manager Futures for Families submitting the report		
Submitted to:	ed to: Corporate Parenting Board- 14 September 2022		
Subject:	Futures for Families project end report		
Contribution to the guiding principles of the Corporate Parenting Strategy			
Your Home			
1 0, 01	ople within the family home and ensuring that complex young people are able to gs. The report shows this.		

Your Family and Friends

Keeping young people connected to and living in their community and close to families. The report shows this.

Your Education

Your Adult Life

Your Health and wellbeing

FFF is a multi-agency service who have colleagues from health who support young people's emotional wellbeing. The report shows this.

Your Voice and Influence

Set out in each section the impact the report will have on delivery of priority actions within the corporate parenting strategy.

Is the report confidential or does it contain exempt information?

No

What is the purpose of this report?

This report is to give the board an overview of the Futures for Families service whilst within the strengthening families protecting children programme from September 2020 till August 2022. The service has now come out of the project stage and the partnership with North Yorkshire has ended.

Report Background

Main body of the report, outlining key issues, challenges and actions being taken to address these.

The challenges – balancing looking after complex young people who have deprivation of liberty orders and high staffing levels whilst continuing to run a preventative intervention arm of the service for young people on the edge of care.

Actions taken to address – Having the Aspire social work team working with those young people on the edge of care and high risk of exploitation will mean that if demand in the service goes up. The support and care for vulnerable young people on the edge of care.

Appendices

None

Recommendations

None at this time

Why is this being recommended?

N/A

Other potential decisions and why these have not been recommended

N/A

Impact(s) of recommended decision(s)

N/A

Legal

N/A

Financial

The report shows the cost avoidance from the service. These figures are taken from young people's placements prior to coming to FFF and are tracked until they are 18 years of age. For young people who are on the edge of care on receipt of a referral the FFF management make a prediction of where this young person may have been placed in one of our in-house placements. This is then tracked until the young person reaches 18 years of age and should in any situation this change the cost avoidance is updated and the overall is reflected to show.

Policy Framework

N/A

Equality and Diversity

N/A

Risk

N/A

Actions to be taken to implement the decision(s)

N/A

Background papers

No Background papers

Body	Report title	Date

Contact:Rob Hamer Service Manager 01642 729999 / 728532Email:Rob_Hamer@middlesbrough.gov.uk

Style conventions / guidance (please delete):

- All font within reports is to be Arial. The main body must use text size 12.
- All main body text should be left aligned.
- Paragraphs (not headings and sub-headings) must be numbered sequentially from 1.
- All pages (including summary sheet) must be numbered when in draft (right aligned at the in the footer) from 1. Numbering should be removed before sending them to Committee to avoid confusion between the report page numbers and the overall agenda pack numbers.
- Keep report content concise.
- Ensure your document is proof read thoroughly before progressing further
- Review the document to make sure it is as simple and concise as possible, while still



FUTURES FOR FAMILIES Corporate Parenting Board

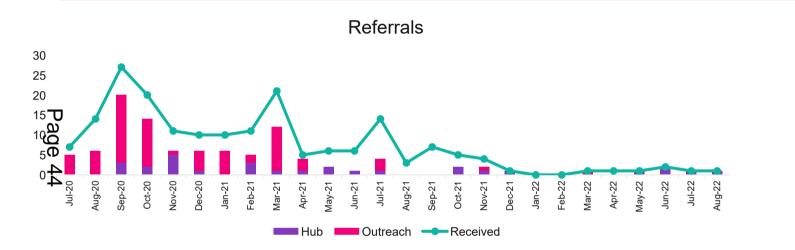
Information correct as at 30/08/2022





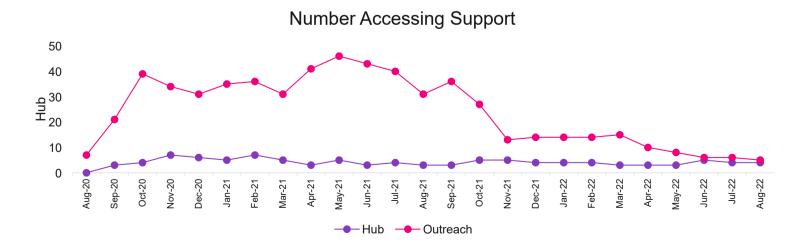
Our Referrals & Support

We have supported over 100 young people via the Futures for Families Team



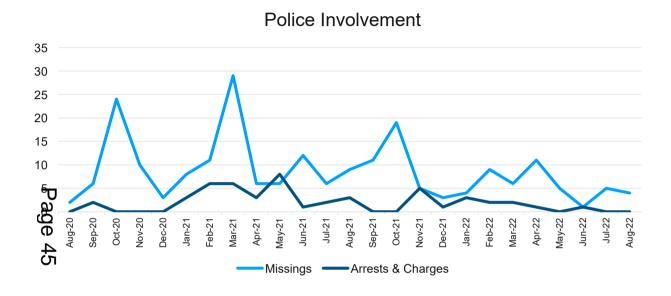
82% of accepted referrals between Aug 21 to Aug 22 were for the Hub

Numbers accessing the Hub have now started to increase, with 5 new individuals supported in the last 4 months.





Our Specialist Support

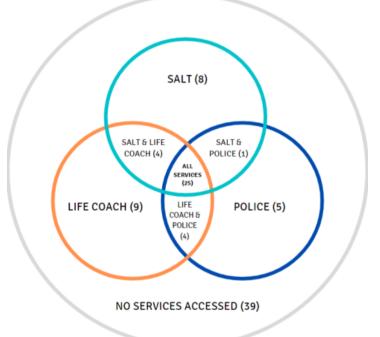


Peaks in both missing episodes and arrests/charges coincide with new young people accessing FFF support. This is an expected increase due to the high risk nature of the young people that we focus our support on.

Overall within the Authority we have seen a 12.3% reduction in the number of missing episodes.



26% of young people accessing support access all specialist services

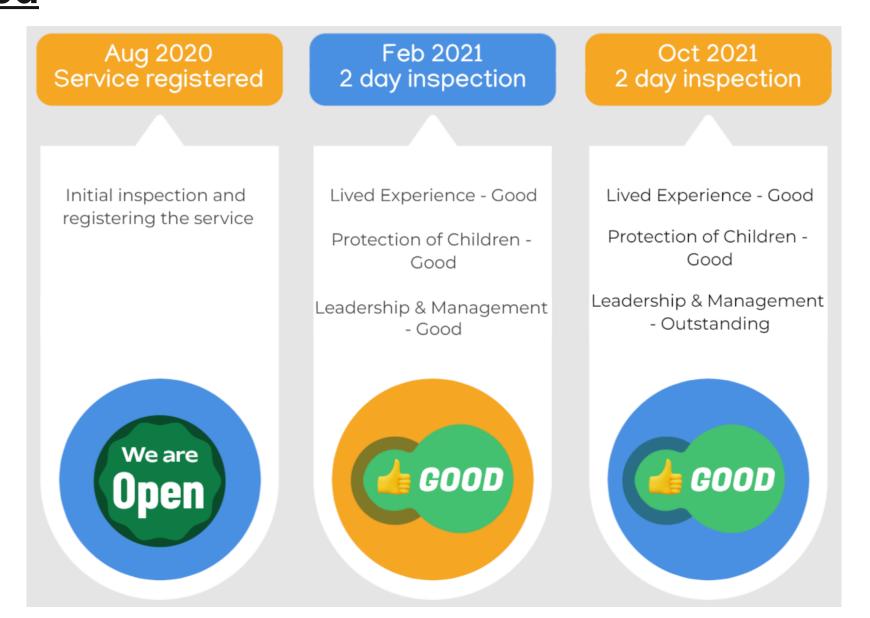


59% of young people supported accessed at least one specialist service

Information correct as at 28/02/2022

FUTURES FOR FAMILIES FOR FAMILIES









Our Impact (Cost Avoidance)

Estimated Cost Avoidance (calculations are based on estimated placements taking into account the risks provided on the young persons referral, a forecasted cost is then calculated up to the age of 18)

Until YP is 18 or exits care	Overall	Police	Health	Placement
Forecasted Spend <u>before FFF</u> ingervention	£39.02 M	£587.1 K	£128.7 K	£38.31 M
Forecasted Spend <u>with FFF</u> intervention	£17.17 M	£770.5 K	£70 K	£16.33 M
Forecasted Cost Avoidance	£21.85 M	-£183.4 K	£356.7 K*	£21.98 M

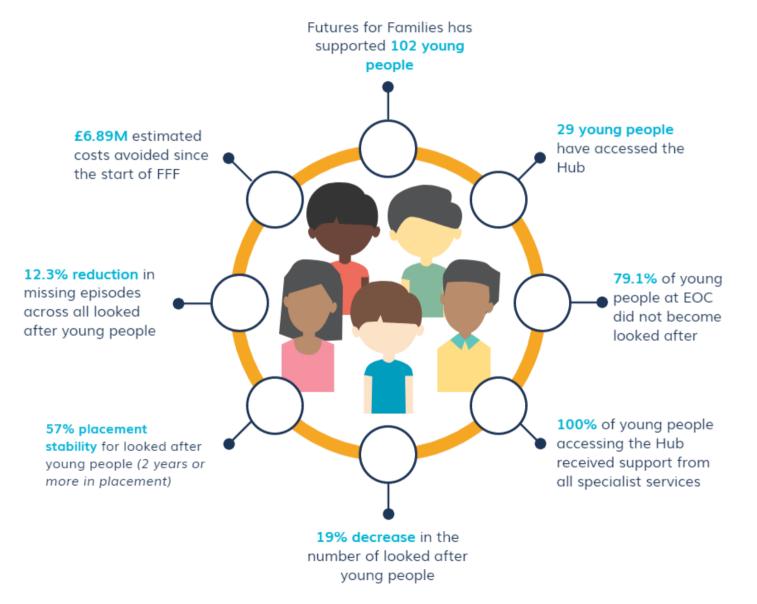
*includes £298,000.00 of funds received from NHS for supporting one individual

Estimated cost avoidance of 56% of forecasted spend.





Our Young People







Thank You Any Questions?



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MIDDLESBROUGH COUNCIL CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD



Agenda Item 9

Report of:	Set out the title of the Senior Manager submitting the report (Chief Executive, Executive Director, Strategic Director of Director	
Submitted to:	Corporate Parenting Board- 12 th	
Subject:	Nominet REACH – Digiwise - Elevating young peoples' voices to influence the services that impact on their digital safety and opportunity	

Contribution to the guiding principles of the Corporate Parenting Strategy Your Home

- a) We have the vison that all of our children and young people will have safe, reliable online access while they are in care and be offered with the same online opportunities as their peers.
- b) We want to ensure that residential and foster care homes have internet connections that are filtered for harmful but legal content and aim to prevent our young people inadvertently accessing inappropriate harmful adult content when using corporate internet connections.
- c) We want our carers to be trained and skilled in offering high quality, impartial online safety discussions and to be able to offer advice and information using a range of recommended resources adopting a restorative approach to develop agreements, pledges and/or passports for online use; equipping our children with the skills to become digitally resilient.

Your Family and Friends

d) We want to allow our young people to be able to communicate safely on social media and other online methods such as email

Your Education

e) We want to equip our young people to participate and access online education facilities

Your Adult Life

f) We want to equip our young people to grow up to be good digital citizens

Your Health and wellbeing

g) We want our young people to have quick and easy access to high quality online reporting and support resources tackling online harms, harms which could cause them worry or trauma and for responses to be trauma informed to aide in recovery.

Your Voice and Influence

h) The purpose of Digiwise is to elevate care experienced young people's voices to influence the development of digital safeguarding policy and for those views to be presented to the correct audience.

Is the report confidential or does it contain exempt information? No

What is the purpose of this report?

- To update corporate parenting board on the progress of the Digiwise funding bid.
- To identify the findings from our young people and professionals surveys.
- To seek the board's support and to implement the recommendations.

Report Background

In March 2021, Middlesbrough Council were successful in a funding application for £36,220 which is to research, consult and produce a policy/practice document for digital safeguarding for Children Looked After and Children Leaving Care.

Funding by Parentzone and Nominet was allocated to 9 interlinked projects under 3 key areas of which Middlesbrough's sits within Design Challenge 3, that is:

Elevating young peoples' voice to influence the services that impact on their digital safety and opportunity.

Care experienced young people have invaluable insight which is currently under-utilised in relation to digital and online safety policy development.

More specifically the project is to ensure care experienced young people can influence the service policies, process and practice that impact on their digital lives. We need to extend participation; diversify and improve channels of communication and feedback.

This is based on significant risks posed to Children Looked After (CLA) being at risk of online grooming and exploitation, exposure pornography, peer pressure to send youth produced sexual imagery and access to drug sales and other harmful products usually via social media.

Since the last corporate parenting board in February 2022 the survey is now completed and this report now presents the findings and recommendations.

The two actions allocated at the previous corporate parenting board 13th February 2022 have been completed. Those are:

- The adoption of the UKCIS Digital Passport for all children looked after.
- Consideration of all residential and foster care staff completing the 'Fostering Network's, Fostering Digital Skills CPD course.

The Digiwise Research and young people's survey

The Digiwise survey contained a series of themed questions which explored children in care online behaviours. It examined young people's data usage, risks and online worries they faced and general online experiences. deep diving into young people's digital literacy we explored the skills of staff who care for them, identifying education interventions offered and the use of agreements and issues around ethics, trust, transparency and privacy.

Appendices

Appendix A. Digiwise Elevating the voice of the child report

Recommendations for Corporate Parenting Board

- 1. That the board note and acknowledge the key findings from Digiwise report
- 2. That the board support the implementation of the recommendations from the main Digiwise report (see below)

Key findings from Digiwise project

There are many findings from the Digiwise survey, however the following are the key findings that influence the recommendations.

- a) Most of our young people are exposed to some form of adversity in online spaces, these issues are far reaching.
- b) Young people want data!
- c) That internet speeds are slow and could be better across all settings
- d) There is limited evidence of consistent approaches and overall effectiveness of acceptable use agreements and use of online safety contracts in care homes
- e) Young people want quick and easy access to reporting and support mechanisms, with tools to enable their fast access when faced with crisis.
- f) Lack of consistent guidance on appropriate filtering on both foster home broadband, mobile phone providers and settings on applications with the concept of "safety gates" being employed.
- g) Educating young people through workforce development programme such as the 'Fostering Digital Skills' programme
- h) That we need to educate young people on the risks of being online along with practical tips on how to keep social media counts safe including how to block, report and delete.

Recommendations from Digiwise project

- a) Take all necessary steps to ensure harmful content such as violent, graphic, sexual, hateful and extremist content is minimised and filtered at source within all settings through the use of various "safety gates".
- b) To ensure that our workforce and professionals, carers and residential staff have the skills, knowledge and skills to support young people to gain all of the benefits to being online, whilst still managing their risk.
- c) Being able to offer appropriate, high quality education, interventions and conversation starters when they are needed.
- d) Offer quick and easy access to resources and support for our children and young people.
- e) Consideration to the adoption of the governments UKCIS Digital Passport and the role It can play in building collaborative approaches to digital resilience in care between carer and child
- f) The existing policy *Short breaks and residential services Wi-Fi & Internet use policy* is in place but will be reviewed in light of this research and national guidance.

Why is this being recommended?

Online spaces pose risks to young people just as there are risks in physical locations, these recommendations are designed to safeguard young people whilst in online spaces.

Research from Internet Matters UK shows young people who are vulnerable such as children looked after are at greater risk than their non-care experienced peers due to being more frequently withdrawn, anxious and have lower self-esteem.

In the UK, there are over 65,000 children and young people currently living in foster care with 55,000 foster families.

In Middlesbrough in May 2022 there were 618 children and young people currently living in care with 449 living within foster care, 209 of which are aged 11-18.

Other potential decisions and why these have not been recommended

Removal of digital devices from young people Installation of monitoring software

Restriction of data plans and access 3 & 4G connections

- There may be legal implications of surveillance and monitoring of young people's devices
- Feedback from our young people that they would workaround these restrictions which could place them at further risk
- 'A Shared Responsibility, Building children's online resilience' report, Przybylski. K (2014) evidences that prohibition, restrictions and monitoring are shown to make children less safe and less able to self-regulate their online lives and subsequent risks.

Impact(s) of recommended decision(s)

The author should here set out the expected impacts of the recommended decision(s), under the following headings (where appropriate).

Legal

There are no legal implications

Financial

There could be small implications for additional resources on an individual child level which should be manageable within the child's budget and care plans.

Policy Framework

It is intended that the next stage is that a policy framework will be written, taking into account the findings and recommendations contained within the Digiwise elevating the voice of the child, attached.

The existing policy Short breaks and residential services Wi-Fi & Internet use policy is in place but will be reviewed in light of this research and national guidance.

Equality and Diversity

No implications

Risk

Failure to provide effective online safeguarding systems could leave children and young people at a higher level of risk and the organisation which may cause damage the organisations reputation.

Actions to be taken to implement the decision(s)

Following this corporate parenting board all agreed recommendations will be incorporated into SMART actions in order to ensure they are embed in council practice.

Background papers

Body Report title	Date
-------------------	------

Minutes and background papers submitted to corporate parenting board.	13 th February 2022
Nominet REACH – Digiwise - Elevating young peoples' voices to influence the services that impact on their digital safety and opportunity survey and report	September 2022

If none, author should use 'No background papers were used in the preparation of this report'.

Contact:Ralph JordinsonEmail:ralph_jordinson@middlesbrough.gov.uk

Style conventions / guidance (please delete):

- All font within reports is to be Arial. The main body must use text size 12.
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- Ensure your document is proof read thoroughly before progressing further
- Review the document to make sure it is as simple and concise as possible, while still setting out all the relevant information to support informed decision making

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Nominet REACH





Ralph Jordinson – Risk and resilience coordinator Louisa Jefferson - Digital policy apprentice





- Elevating young peoples' voice to influence the services affecting their digital access.
- Purpose of the report is to develop a policy / best practice document for children looked after and children leaving care online access.
- Care experienced young people have invaluable insight which is currently under-used in relation to digital and online safety policy development.



Progress so far



- a) Employed and trained a care experienced apprentice training in Impact Measurement and Management.
- b) Steering group formed inclusive of young people representation and developed action plan with progress milestones. Established the project name '*Digiwise*'.
- c) Designing and implementing consultation for young people with care experience.
- d) Hosted a series of consultation workshops, focus groups and events capturing young peoples views.
- e Consulted with 35 young people within quantitative surveys, 5 young people within qualitative 'deep dive' surveys and multiple others within focus groups and workshops.
- f) Promoted recognised CPD programme of learning for foster carers, residential workers and social workers.
- g) Promoted the adoption of the UKCIS Digital Passport for children and young people in care.
- h) Developed with young people a smartphone holder for all care experienced young people with QR code for a quick and easy access to resources.

Survey findings overview

- Most of our young people are exposed to some form of adversity in online spaces, these issues are far reaching and usually involve social media.
- Young people want data plans!.
- That internet speeds are slow and could be better across all settings.
- There is limited evidence of consistent approaches and overall effectiveness of acceptable use agreements and use of online safety contracts in care homes.
- Soung people want quick and easy access to reporting and support mechanisms, with tools to anable their fast access when faced with crisis.
- Lack of consistent guidance on appropriate filtering on both foster home broadband, mobile phone providers and settings on applications with the concept of "safety gates" being employed.
- Educating young people through workforce development programme such as the 'Fostering Digital Skills' programme.
- That we need to educate young people on the risks of being online along with practical tips on how to keep social media counts safe including how to block, report and delete.

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Recommendations

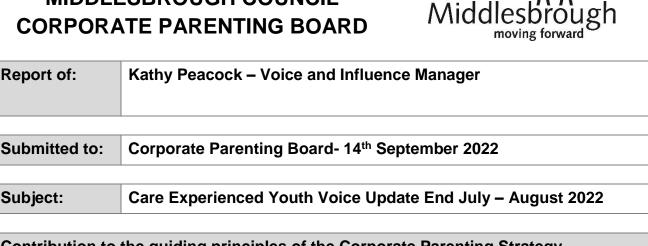


- Take all necessary steps to ensure harmful content such as violent, graphic, sexual, hateful and extremist content is minimised and filtered at source within all settings, through the use of various "safety gates" on networks and devices.
- To ensure that our workforce and professionals, carers and residential staff have the skills, knowledge and skills to support young people to gain all of the benefits to being online, whilst still managing their risk.
- Being able to offer age appropriate, high quality education, interventions and conversation atarters when they are needed.
- Offer quick and easy access to resources and support for our children and young people.
- Consideration to the adoption of the governments UKCIS Digital Passport and the role It can play in building collaborative approaches to digital resilience in care between carer and child.
- The existing policy Short breaks and residential services Wi-Fi & Internet use policy is in place but will be reviewed in light of this research and national guidance.

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MIDDLESBROUGH COUNCIL **CORPORATE PARENTING BOARD**



Agenda Item 10

Contribution to the guiding principles of the Corporate Parenting Strategy	
Your Home	
Your Family and Friends	
Your Education	
Your Adult Life	
Your Health and wellbeing	
Your Voice and Influence	

Is the report confidential or does it contain exempt information?

Yes – The report contains photographs of young people and should not be shared outside of the CPB

What is the purpose of this report?

To update the Corporate Parents on what care experienced young people have achieved and their plan for the next few months. To have the Corporate Parent's discuss their involvement with the groups/activities to further support the work.

Report Background N/A

Appendices

Report attached

Recommendations N/A

Why is this being recommended? N/A

Other potential decisions and why these have not been recommended N/A

Impact(s) of recommended decision(s)

N/A

Legal N/A

Financial N/A

Policy Framework N/A

Equality and Diversity N/A

Risk N/A

Actions to be taken to implement the decision(s) $N\!/\!A$

Background papers

No background papers were used in the preparation of this report.

Contact: Kathy Peacock

Email: Kathy_peacock@middlesbrough.gov.uk



Adoption Tees Valley Annual Report 2021-22



"Adopting Sam is the best thing we've ever done. He has changed our lives. The house is alive, and life is full of so much fun now. We feel blessed everyday"

> Page 65 Iransform a child's life...

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Glossary

ADM- agency decision maker /Agency Decision PO- Placement Order RAA- Regional Adoption Agency VAA- Voluntary Adoption Agency AO- Adoption Order ASF- Adoption Support Fund VSH- Virtual School Head

1. Introduction

This is the Annual Report of Adoption Tees Valley, which is the Regional Adoption Agency (RAA), for the 5 Local Authority Councils of Darlington; Hartlepool; Middlesbrough; Redcar and Cleveland; and Stockton.

This Annual Report covers the period of 1.4.21 - 31.3.2022.

2. Executive Summary

ATV has continued with slightly lower levels of adoption activity overall within this year, with numbers of children being placed with adoptive parents reducing from 82 in the previous year to 78 in this year. Some Local Authorities have increased numbers of children placed, and adopted, others have reduced. Middlesbrough has seen a continuing rise in the numbers of children placed for adoption. Stockton and Redcar and Cleveland have also had a slight increase compared with the previous year, while Hartlepool and Darlington have seen numbers decrease.

The regional picture is reflected nationally, with fewer children with an adoption plan, and PO, during this year.

The timeliness of moving in with adoptive parents has improved significantly in this year. Adoption Tees Valley has improved on its own timeliness since last year and is better than England average by a considerable margin. ATV has reduced the average time between entering care and becoming moving in with adoptive parents by 27 days – now 383 days, and is 43 days better than the government target, of 426 days. ATV also sits at 62 days better than the England average for this year.

The timeliness of finding a family and matching with adoptive parents has also improved, with ATV having reduced this average timescale by 64 days, to 174 days. Although ATV remains outside of government target timescale, of 121 days, the England average has been 198 days in this year, against which ATV is performing well.

All this means that for many children in this region, we are finding families and helping children to achieve their permanence via adoption more quickly. There are always exceptions, however, for most children there is significant improvement.

Local Authority Decisions that adoption is their "best interests" plan for the child have reduced from 99 to 78, and Placement Orders granted have also reduced from 78 to 74.

A significant legal ruling, the Somerset judgement, has impacted on adoption activity, which is analysed in section 4 below. We know that 14 children were delayed in being matched and placed due to this ruling: the actual number

due to be placed would have exceeded the previous year's placements numbers and been equal to the previous 5 year high.

More children have been placed with ATV approved adopters in this year, and fewer with external Voluntary Adoption Agencies (VAA's). 25% of all placements have been external compared with 36% in the previous year. Of the 19 children placed with external VAA's, almost half have been placed within this region. We continue to seek to find families in, or close to the Tees Valley region. We know this has long term benefits for identity, and for providing timely access to adoption support, from the professional network who know the child.

The number of adoption support assessments have almost doubled this year, from 55 to 106, with a further 94 second and third time assessments, to access therapeutic support from the Adoption Support Fund (ASF). The numbers of children receiving education support from the ATV education support worker has increased to 77.

Adopter approvals are reduced on previous year, from 62 to 46. This is a concerning picture, and further analysis is offered in the section below.

We are proud that our service has been awarded the Coram BAAF Early Permanence Quality Mark in this year, in recognition of meeting the standards and criteria for this award. The feedback was that the ATV submission was a strong bid, and our strategic and operational work was recognised.

ATV was a pilot RAA for the new Adoption Support Audit, being evaluated against criteria in the national Blueprint for Adoption Support. The feedback was positive, with our Education Support service being highlighted as an exemplary strength.

ATV recognises and values the huge contribution that staff across the whole team make to children's lives, and the experiences of adoptive families. Thanks, and recognition go to all of the team members for their work. Also, to the social care workforce across Tees Valley who have worked together on strengthening the service to adopted children, their adoptive families, and birth families.

3. Governance

The RAA is governed by a Board, which comprises the 5 Directors for Children's Services of the 5 Local Authorities within the partnership. There are 2 non-Executive Directors, who were recruited to the Board in 2020, and who are adoptive parents who have adopted through ATV.

The Service Manager for ATV attends all Board meetings and presents information to enable oversight of the performance of the RAA, strategic

direction and operational practice. The Board has a role in being assured of the quality of adoption work in Adoption Tees Valley, and receives information on quality, outcomes, and proposed improvements.

Board meetings are held quarterly. Strategy, performance, finance, and overall delivery of the adoption service are considered at each Board meeting.

The Chair of the Board is Sue Butcher, DCS at Middlesbrough Children's Services, and it is now agreed Chair tenure will be for 2 years.

In each of the 5 LA's there is an Adoption Lead Officer who is responsible for ensuring that the RAA is delivering effective and high quality adoption services for the children in its area. The Adoption Lead Officer is registered with Ofsted. Adoption Leads meet with the Service Manager and Team Managers of ATV monthly.

The Lead Elected Members of the Council with responsibility for Children's Services, for each Local Authority area meet bi-annually with the Board and Service Manager, to oversee the work of ATV, and be kept informed of key developments.

4. Somerset Ruling

The Somerset Ruling has been a significant legal ruling in relation to adoption cases, which took place in November 2021, and had a significant impact on adoption activity nationally, and locally.

A summary of the issue, as presented by Coram BAAF is outlined below.

On 24 November the High Court handed down a judgement in *Somerset County Council v NHS Somerset Clinical Commissioning Group & Anor* [2021] EWHC 3004(Fam) dealing with the lawfulness of placement orders made in ten separate cases. The court found that the Agency Decision Maker (ADM) had not made the decision that the child should be placed for adoption in accordance with the Adoption Agencies Regulations (AAR) 2005.

It appears that in these cases in Somerset, and possibly in many others, the Agency Medical Adviser had not completed the Child's Permanence Report as required by Regs 15 & 17 of the AAR 2005. She had not given advice on whether the child needed to have a medical examination and had not written a summary of the state of the child's health. In practical terms this omission had very little effect on the making of the ADM's decision, as she had full medical information from the initial health assessment of the child and any medical reports filed during court proceedings. In each case the medical adviser provided a full medical report before the child was matched to prospective adopters, and the local authority believed that this was an effective use of the limited medical advisor's time that they had available.

The Court however found that the breach of the Regulations was so fundamental that it could render the application for a placement order invalid. The ADM did not have a medical qualification to enable her to interpret the medical reports provided and the initial health assessments did not include a comprehensive assessment of the child's future medical needs. The Court therefore considered each of the cases in detail. In each case, the judge was satisfied that the medical adviser would not have requested a further medical examination and would not have expressed a medical opinion that would have undermined the decision that the child should be placed for adoption. The reach, and impact of the Somerset ruling has had a profound effect nationally and regionally on adoption activity within this year and has led to a significant re-examination of the medical advice provided to Agency Decision Makers (ADM) in coming to their decision that adoption is the Local Authority plan for the child. Specifically, whether the requirements of Adoption Agencies Regulation 15 and 17 (2005) were met in each case. Each of the 5 Local Authorities within the ATV Regional Adoption Agency has reviewed the ADM decisions made and considered whether a revised ADM was required. This issue came to light prior to the end of 2021, however, the final ruling by the most senior Family Division Judge, Sir Andrew McFarlane, was not made until April 2022, providing absolute clarity on how Local Authorities were to act, in relation to any breaches of Adoption Agencies Regulations (2005). An interim ruling was made in February 2022, giving some direction to Local Authorities, and each Local Authority made its own decision as to the legal interpretation and course of action in relation to these cases.

In summary, the key matters of breach of compliance were:

- Medical Advisor summary not provided for the CPR, in respect of regulation 15, and Regulation 17 (AAR 2005). These are in relation to the Agency Medical Advisor decision as to whether an examination of the child, any further reports and examinations are necessary, and a summary on the state of the child's health, provided to the ADM, in the CPR, for the purposes of making the agency decision that adoption will be the child's plan.
- The appointment of the Medical Advisor: The Judge in Somerset raised questions around the appointment of the Medical Advisor, and it was highlighted that Medical Advisors needed to be appointed in their role, although regulations make no specific requirements as to how, and what matters must be followed in appointing them.

ATV worked closely with each Local Authority and sought legal advice for the RAA in relation to the national legal ruling, and local Teesside Courts actions and directions. In total, 67 children were reviewed pre- placement, to clarify the compliance of the ADM, with respect to the Medical Advisor summary, provided in the Child's permanence Report. Local Authorities each followed their own legal advice as to the degree to which they would wait for final ruling, or proceed to revise the ADM, where any breach of compliance was identified. Where the LA did not feel it could proceed until the final Judgement, a case-by-case decision was made in respect of each child, as to how to proceed.

14 children had matches with adoptive parents delayed, awaiting final judgement on how to proceed.

A further cohort of 60 children delayed were those already placed with adoptive parents, but not yet adopted. The Teesside Courts suspended all adoption hearings, awaiting the final president Ruling, to be directed on how to proceed. The likely numbers of children adopted in this year would have been significantly higher than the 78 orders that were granted and are reported.

The impact of the Somerset Judgement was delay for children in either moving in with adoptive parents, or in being adopted from care. Many adoption hearings are taking place in July 2022 when it is hoped that all children will have been adopted, who would have been earlier.

For some children, the LA was able to proceed to place the child through early permanence, thus enabling the child to be placed with their prospective adopters with less delay.

For some children, they were delayed by weeks and months, in being matched with their prospective adopters, and ATV remains in "catch up" for children who have required matching, once the LA ADM has agreed the placement, confirming compliance.

In recovering from the significant workload generated by the Somerset Judgement, it should be noted that in ATV all children have had an adoption medical, carried out by an experienced, and qualified paediatrician, who is a Medical Advisor. In most cases the adoption medical has been conducted prior to the ADM decision, however, the required summary has not always been in place, in the correct format. Adopters have always had the full medical information prior to being matched with a child, and the right family has been selected for children, based on their capacity to meet all needs, including the health needs of the child, as set out in the adoption medical. Additionally, the agency takes seriously the NMS 13.6, whereby prospective adopters are given the opportunity to meet with the medical advisor, prior to matching panel, in order to fully understand the health needs of the child, and future care implications arising from their health needs.

It has been important to review and revise procedures and practice in light of the Somerset Judgement. In Tees Valley, there have been multiple forums, and a number of cross-agency workstreams, to review and revise procedure and practice.

Actions:

- All LA's have reviewed their procedures, and processes for the making of the Agency Decision, to ensure compliance with AAR (2005) and specifically Regulations 15 and 17.
- All LA's have formally appointed their Medical Advisor.

- A procedure and process flow chart for Medical Advice, prior to ADM has been drafted and consulted on. This is in place, to guide on requirements for ADM decision making.
- A regional ADM workshop has been held in the NE region, facilitated by Coram BAAF, to assist ADM's with understanding the regulations and case law in relation to ADM role for adoption.
- Each LA has strengthened its position with respect to the Agency Advisor to the ADM.
- Multi agency meeting has taken place with medical advisors, to review requirements, and to consult on matters which impact on achieving the medical advice, in a timely way.
- A multi-agency/multi professional meeting has taken place with the CCG to address capacity issues for Medical Advisors in the Teesside region. Work is underway, to map out a shared process pathway, to account for timescales, and regulatory requirements to meet the health input requirements for adoption, and capacity issues for medical advisors.

5. National Adoption Development -Regional Context

The Government issued the National Adoption Strategy in 2021 <u>Adoption</u> <u>strategy: achieving excellence everywhere - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>, which sets out an overarching strategic vision for adoption, aiming for a consistent England wide offer to children, and families by way of adoption services and support. The RAA Leaders forum is highlighted as the central group for change and development in thematic elements of the strategy. Through the strategic vision, focus is brought to areas of recruitment of adopters; effective timely matching for children; early permanence; adoption support.

ATV, and the ATV Board have maintained strategic and operational focus on the key areas that are outlined in the strategy.

The ATV Strategic Priorities were developed in the context of the national strategy, and were set out in the Biannual report, 2021.

Within this year, the DfE has invested significant funding into the RAA leaders forum, mapped against key workstream areas.

ATV has worked collaboratively with pan regional RAA's- Adopt North East, and Adopt Coast to Coast, and with regional Voluntary Adoption Agencies to bid for funding for an Early Permanence (EP) Sufficiency Project, which is now underway. The aim of this project is to increase access to, and sufficiency of EP placements for children, through more sharing of prospective adopters who can offer EP, and developments to improve support to EP carers, and birth families. At the time of writing, further bids are underway for national funding, which have been made within the following financial year, and will be reported on more fully within following reports.

See Adoption Support- section 8 for more national developments in Adoption Support.

6. Adoption Activity

6.1 Marketing Campaigns

There have been key lines of marketing approach this year, supported by 3 campaigns, focussing on attracting more prospective adopters to ATV.

To promote needs, ATV set out 3 clear campaigns s in 2021-22:

- National Adoption Week (October 21) this campaign focussed on telling the story of adoption through voices less heard such as adopted people, social workers and birth parents. Adoption Tees Valley utilised the national campaign assets alongside regionally generated materials such as blogs, press releases and radio, the campaign featured in the Evening Gazette, Northern Echo and on BBC Tees Radio.
- "Priority" children campaign (November 22) Adoption Tees Valley ran a campaign aimed at recruiting more adopters for priority children, in particular sibling groups and those with additional needs. The campaign featured two films with a same sex couple who adopted siblings, one through early permanence and another couple who adopted a child with additional needs having already had a biological child. The campaign was well received and picked up by ITV News, local radio and press.
- Early permanence campaign (March 22) -ATV ran a campaign to raise awareness of early permanence, the campaign featured a series of blogs from an adoptive family of 3 children, the adopters was featured in local press and radio Zetland/BBC Tees.

The ATV website (<u>www.adoptionteesvalley.org.uk</u>) is the largest source of enquiries, and enquirers can request a call back, seeking an initial conversation with one of our team to discuss their interest.

This year ATV introduced a new blog area of the website to be able to promote key messages and stories within the adoption area. The RAA also launched an Instagram social media channel. Social media channels remain some of the most successful in the adoption arena with the highest follower numbers.

Enquiries were down compared to 2020-2021. There have been 2 key technical issues which have impacted on the online marketing, and it is felt

both issues impacted on the agency online market position and led to a loss of enquiries. These issues have now been addressed. The marketplace also remains extremely competitive with RAA's and VAA's advertising in the Tees Valley.

Number of ATV recruitment campaigns year to date	3
Number of enquiries arising from campaigns year to date	131
Number of all Adopter enquiries year to date (all methods)	287
Number of ATV enquiries converted to ROI	61
% of ATV enquiries converted to ROI	22%
Number of adoptive families attending information events	123
Social media followers	11,724
Website visits	16,819

6.2 Recruitment and Assessment of Adopters

	Total 2020-21	Q1-Q2 2021-22	Q3-Q4 2021-22	Total 2021-22
Initial Visits to prospective Adopters	92	36	35	71 down 22%
Stage 1 Starts	63	24	22	46 down 26%
Stage 2 Starts	62	25	27	52 down 16%
Adopter Approvals	62	24	22	46 down 25%
Numbers in assessment at the end of the period	40	34	39	Down 2.5%
Numbers waiting to be matched at end of period	36	21	29	N/A
Timescale S1 (Govt target 60 days)	93	97	106	Up 12% England average- whole year period 121 days
Timescale S2	127	134	146	Up 14%

(Govt target		England average-
121 days)		whole year period
TZT UUysj		146 days

Although marketing overall has been strengthened, recruitment activity has seen a decline over the last year, compared with the previous year. The impact on enquiry levels is noted above.

Further analysis highlights a number of key factors but is mostly associated with the impact of the pandemic as it has progressed, coupled with economic factors for people wanting to adopt.

The service initially saw an increase in numbers of people interested in, and wanting to adopt a child, during year 1 of the pandemic.

ATV has had a decrease by 26% of people wanting to commence an assessment in this year, and a 25% decrease in numbers of adopters approved.

Nationally, the figure is a decrease on previous year of 4%, however, a lesser drop than in the Teesside region.

Adopters in assessment at the end of the year, compared with the previous year has remained very similar (39, c/w 40). Taking account of 40 already in assessment at the end of the previous year, it is evident that a number of adopters have not concluded the assessment process and have dropped out. The service saw a higher number than expected of adopters either withdrawing, or not progressing to stage 2 for several reasons. The service remains committed to generating families for children who are suitable and ready to adopt, and reflection of applicants during the pandemic is that a higher number of people started the process but did not conclude.

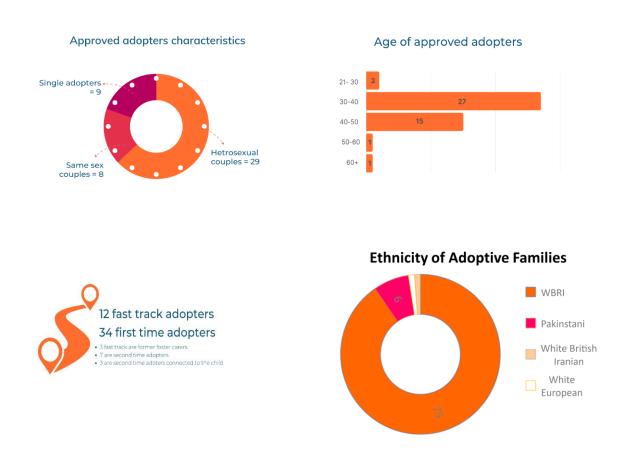
There was a reduction in numbers of adopters waiting to be matched with children during this year, with more progressing to match. Of the approved adopters waiting many have been readily available, and matched with Tees Valley children, resulting in a reduced pressure on the external agency budget at the end of this financial year.

Timescales for stage 1 and stage 2 assessments have been longer than is aimed for, and longer than government targets. However, the ATV timescales are better than England average. There have been 3 cases which have skewed timescale average figures, for reasons understood by the service, which include circumstances of an adopter family, and transfer of cases due to staff sickness in ATV.

Difficulties in obtaining adult health reports from GP's have impacted on the timescales for assessment, in a significant number of cases, pushing some approvals into the following year. A small number of GP practices have



been very difficult to work together with, around achieving the adult adopter medical. The service has used the Safeguarding GP to raise the profile and impact awareness for delays in adopter medicals, however, this issue remains problematic.



Demographics of adopters approved

Of fast-track adopters - 3 are former foster carers of the child, 7 are second time adopters, 3 are second time adopters who are connected to the child, having adopted an older sibling.

Key successes:

- Improved recruitment activity towards the latter part of the year.
- More ATV adopters being matched with children, reducing pressure on ATV budget.

Key Challenges

- Adopter approval numbers have reduced this year, and more are required to meet Tees Valley children's needs.
- Work with GP practices has been challenging.
- Timescales for assessment have therefore been impacted.

- Achieving adopters for the range of children and needs of children has been challenging.
- There has been a reduction in EP carers approved in this year.
- More adopters of different ethnicities required

6.3 Preparation to Adopt Training

7 Preparation to Adopt Training courses were delivered, each comprising 4 days.



A total of 57 family units attended preparation training.

The content of the course is regularly reviewed to reflect new research and learning from practice. Adopter feedback is sought after each course and is used to inform any changes to the content or to the experience for applicants.

Early Permanence preparation training

In addition to the standard preparation to Adopt Training, a total of 3 additional Early Permanence (EP) training programmes were run.

The service originally commenced EP training over a half day period with applicants. However, following review of practice, and preparation for prospective adopters, it was decided to develop ATV practice in line with the Coram BAAF programme. Two of ATV social workers have now undertaken the Coram BAAF "Train the Trainers" programme, and the 2 day course is now the standard training offer for ATV Early Permanence Carers.

12 families have undertaken the EP training course within this year.

Friends and Family Training

Friends and Family Training is a new development in the year 2021-22 and is a short addition to the Preparation to Adopt programme, delivered by one of

the ATV social workers. The aim of the course is to support the network of adoptive parents, through giving them an introduction to the needs of children and parenting concepts delivered to the adoptive parents.

A total of 9 courses were delivered in the year and a total of 120 friends and family of adoptive parents attended

Some feedback from attendees:

I feel much more aware of the process the adopters are going through and how I might support them through this. I am confident that this is going to be a positive experience and I'm really looking forward to welcoming a child into our family. I feel that I have increased my awareness of the issues and barriers that children who are adopted may face and how to support the adopter in parenting.

I wasn't aware that there would be, where possible contact with the birth parents. Which when explained that it was helpful for the needs of the child being place made perfect sense.

It has really enabled me to see the process that the adopters/friends will be going through and the difficult things that they will face, helping me to be more aware of the support that they will need through the journey that they are embarking on.

	Q1&Q2	Q3 &Q4	Full Year	
Early Notifications 2019-20	88	76	164	
Early Notifications 2020-21	98	97	195	19% increase
Early Notifications 2021-22	77	102	179	8 % decrease on previous year

6.4 Children Referred

6.5 Referrals by Local Authority

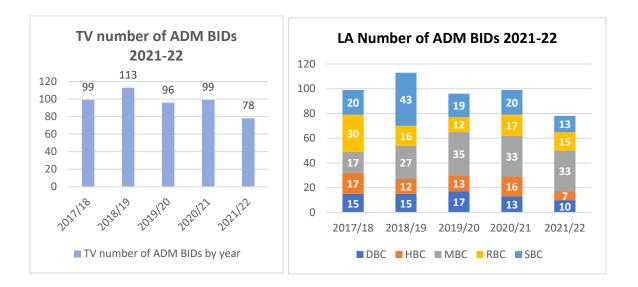
Year	DBC	HBC	MBC	R&CBC	SBC	TV
2020- 21	26	28	58	31	52	195
2021- 22	27	15	61	37	39	179

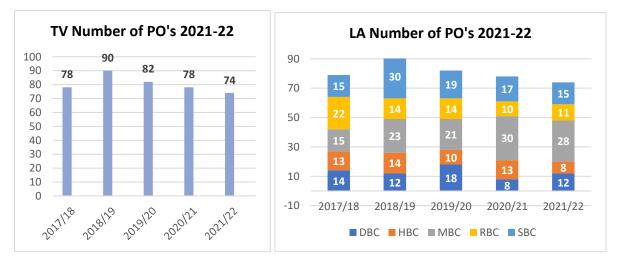
A notable increase in referrals from Redcar and Cleveland, and a small increase from Middlesbrough, while Hartlepool and Stockton saw a drop in referrals, within the reporting period. Darlington remain at similar levels.

Approximately 60 % of children referred go on to have an adoption plan. The Service monitors the children referred to enable active family finding from the earliest possible point in time.

6.6 Agency Decisions that Adoption is the child's plan (ADM) and Placement Orders (PO)

	ADM ATV	ADM National	PO ATV	PO National	
2020-21	99	3840	78	3027	
2021-22	78	3316	74	2846	
Inc/Dec	-21 %	-14%	-5%	-6%	





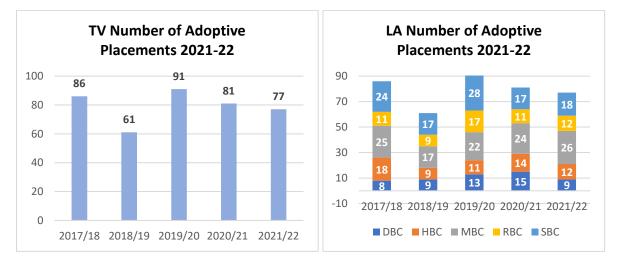
Agency Decisions that adoption is the child's plan, and Placement Orders granted, decreased both nationally, and regionally, compared with the

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previous year. The Somerset ruling is a factor which had some impact in the final quarter of the year, with Courts granting fewer PO's while the outcome of the ruling was awaited. ADMs were also impacted as the Local Authority decision makers were required to be fully confident on compliance of health information, for the ADM decision. Even accounting for this temporary delay, there is some reduction in adoption activity, which may be accounted for by an overall reduction in children looked after, and greater numbers progressing to placement within family, via SGO.

	Totals 2020-21	2021-22 Q1 and Q2	2021-22 Q2 and Q3	2021-22 Totals
ATV children placed with ATV adopters	52	44	14	58
ATV Children placed with external adopters	30	12	7	19
External children placed with ATV adopters	2	0	0	0
Total ATV children placed	82	57	20	77
Total placements	84	57	20	77

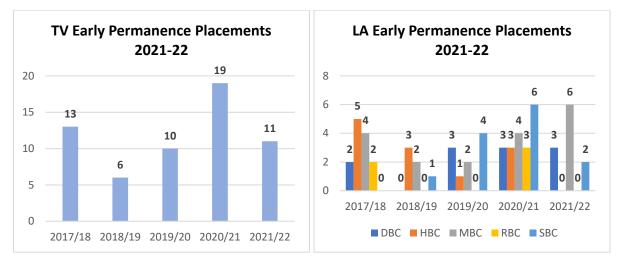
6.7 Children Matched and Placed



Placements of children for adoption are reduced by 7% within this year. This figure is impacted by the Somerset ruling, with a number of children being delayed into placement, pending the final Somerset ruling.

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A positive factor is that there were 10 less external placements in the year, with 58 children placed with ATV adopters, compared with 52 in the previous year.



6.8 Early Permanence

Early permanence has been an area of continued national and regional development. The service manager chairs the national Early Permanence Working Group, which is a strategic forum taking forward national development, across the RAA and VAA sector, building on the best practice, and utilising research and data analysis to seek greater consistency in the offer across England.

Nationally, there is a greater exploration of Early Permanence, Fostering for Adoption (FFA) and Concurrent Planning Placements (CPP) . Practice behind EP, including work with care planning social work teams, and fostering services is underway.

ATV has begun to experience cases where a child placed for EP has been reunified with parents following full assessments and Court determination of the final plan. Through these cases, ATV has learned that more support is needed for EP carers generally, and most especially where a child they have been caring for may be re-unified. The service was able to access some very timely help from the South West region, to implement an EP support group, however, this area will require strengthening moving forward.

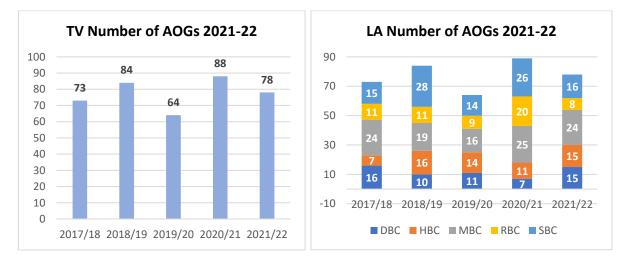
The regional EP Sufficiency project is tasked with addressing EP support to carers across the region.

One impact of children re-unifying is that the service has had a drop in adopters wishing to undertake EP and the managers of the service have needed to address some of these impacts- taking a step back, before revising plans to progress the Early Permanence Strategy Phase 2. The service has strengthened and reviewed its own practice, in line with learning, and practice guidance from other areas.

- The Preparation and support to EP carers has been strengthened
- The service is clearer about the fostering task, and outcome possibility of reunification from the outset with all carers
- The Team manager for Recruitment now has a monthly forum with Fostering Managers
- The service is delivering positive messages about birth parents, and positives of children being able to live with birth parents, as a core message from Information Evenings onwards
- More adopters are able to contribute to EP preparation, as we deliver more of these placements.
- An adopter led support group is available to EP carers.
- A leaflet for birth parents is available on the website.
- The service is planning more work with Workforce development teams across the region, to embed EP as a learning module for social workers.

6.9 Adoption Orders Granted

	DBC	HBC	MBC	R &CBC	SBC	Total
2020-21	7	10	25	20	26	88
2021-22	15	15	24	8	16	78



Adoption Orders were lower, with a high number being delayed due to Courts not granting the final order, until the outcome of the Somerset ruling. Adoption orders were down by 11% on the previous year. There was notable variation in the levels of adoption activity in each of the Local Authorities. Of note is that Redcar and Cleveland saw a significant decrease in numbers of Adoption Orders granted, from 20 to 8. Stockton also saw a decrease from 26 to 16 over the 2 years. Darlington and Hartlepool saw significant increase in numbers of children adopted from the previous year, with both having 15 children adopted. Middlesbrough dropped by one.

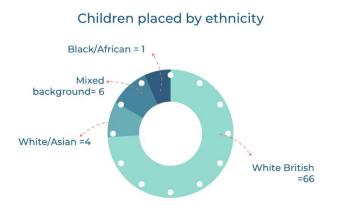
6.10 Characteristics of children

0-12 months	1-2 yrs.	2-3 yrs.	3-4 yrs.	4-5 yrs.	5+ yrs.
46	12	8	5	4	2
60%	15%	10%	7%	5%	3%

Age at the time of moving in with the adoptive family

The majority of children who moved in with their adoptive family in this period were under 12 months, and 75% were under 3 years.

Ethnicity of Children Placed



86 % of children who have moved into their adoptive family are of white British backgrounds. Of children with minority ethnic heritage, there is a range of backgrounds, with no predominant minority ethnic group for children requiring adoption.

Of the 11 children who were of minority ethnic background, 7 were placed with prospective adoptive parents of similar/same ethnicity, while the remaining 4 children were placed with white British adoptive parents. Where possible, the RAA will seek to match with adopters of a similar racial and ethnic background to the child, taking account that some children have mixed ethnicity, with one white parent. Matching takes account of how white parents will promote the needs of a black child, including opportunity for social family and community links with black children and families, and ways in which adopters will actively seek to help the child with their identity.

This is an area for continued focus, see Panel Chair summary.

Siblings/Additional needs



In this year, 57 children (74%) were placed as single children, and a further 20 children (26%) were placed in a sibling group of 2. There were no larger siblings groups placed within this year.

Gender

38 children placed were male, and 39 were female



6.11 Children waiting with a PO, not placed as of 31.3.22

38 children had a PO and were not yet placed on that date.

35 of these children had a clear link, and were proceeding to match, with some children proceeding to match with their foster carers, who wished to adopt them.

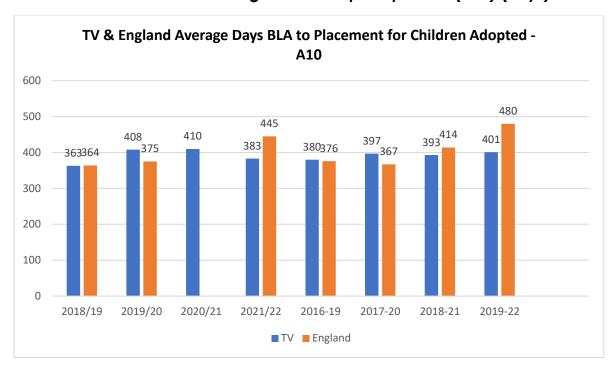
2 children were awaiting a revocation of the PO, due to change in circumstances.

1 child was unlinked.

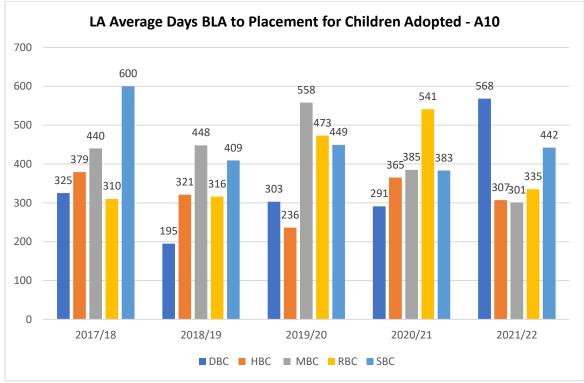
ATV has steadily improved the outcomes for children, once the PO is granted, through earlier family finding, and linking work. It is a huge success to be working with a very small number of children, for whom a family has not been identified by the time the PO is granted.

6.12 Children's timescales for adoption

Children's timescales are calculated for children adopted in that year. The total figure for adopted children is 78, broken down by local Authority, as in section 6.9 above.



Became looked after to moving in with adoptive parents (A10) (days)



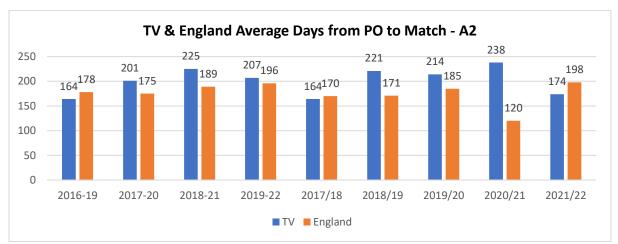
Timeliness for children to find and move in with their adoptive family has significantly improved this year, and ATV is performing well ahead of the



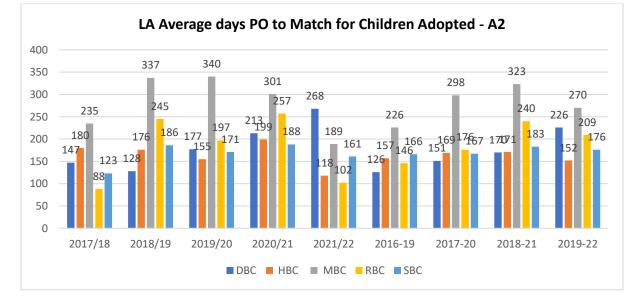
national average in this year. ATV has reduced the average timescale by 27 days and is 62 days under the England average. The government target timescale is 426 days, so ATV is currently well ahead of this.

This is reflective of strengthened work embedding early notifications and early family finding for children. It is recognised that this year there are fewer children with complex needs who have been adopted, with a smaller number overall of siblings and children over age 5, which will also impact on timeliness.

Considering each Local Authority, Hartlepool, Middlesbrough and Redcar and Cleveland have all seen improvement and a reduction in this timescale within the year, while Darlington and Stockton have had on average longer waiting times. In each Local Authority, the circumstances of the child are understood, with siblings forming the children for whom timescales have been longer, sometimes related to legal proceedings.



Placement Order to Match (A2) (days)



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The timeliness of matching a child with adopters following court authorisation to place (Placement Order) has also improved significantly this year, with ATV average reducing from 238 days to 174 days- a reduction of 64 days. England average in this year was 198 days: ATV has operated at 24 days below England average. Looking at the individual Local Authorities, only Darlington has had a higher day count, while all other LA's have a reduced PO to match timescale, and Redcar and Cleveland, Middlesbrough and Hartlepool showing significantly reduced timescales in this year. This is a significant improvement for ATV, and partners and is indicative of embedding the Information sharing protocol, and work to family find and plan matching at earlier stages. It is also indicative of fewer children in the "Priority" group, in this current year, as outlined in section 6.10 Characteristics of Children placed. Government target timescales are 121 days, and ATV and partners will continue to work on earlier permanence for children, through earlier family finding.

6.13 Disruptions

There has been 1 disrupted placement this year, prior to the making of an adoption order. A disruption meeting was held with key stakeholders for learning, across the Agency, and Local Authority, and to inform the child's future plan, and needs. ATV has held an all staff learning event, taking account of this disruption, and previous disruptions, from previous years.

7. Adoption Panel

ATV has welcomed Karen Simmons, as a new Independent Panel Chair in this year. Karen started with the service following the retirement of Sue Holton, one of the initial Independent Chairs. Karen is an experienced care planning senior manager, having previously worked as Assistant Director in a NE Local Authority. She brings a wealth of relevant adoption knowledge, and knowledge of Local Authorities, and regionalisation of adoption.

An Adoption panel Chair report has been produced by one of the Independent Chairs, in consultation with the other Independent Chair, and with Vice Chair, as required by Adoption National Minimum Standards (2014) 17.2.

The full report is made available to the Board at ATV; the Managers and staff of the service; panel members.

This report is for second period of the year 1.10.21-31.3.22

Data reported within the panel chairs report is detailed within the information above and will not be repeated.

The chair reports as follows:

There are 27 Central List members, with 5 new members in this period, and 1 member resignation. All new central list members have had induction into the role of panel, and their contribution, and to the Agency.

• Over this reporting period, the Agency undertook a consultation exercise with key stakeholders to review the potential for face-to-face Panels to resume. Following further deliberation, the Agency has elected to continue with Virtual Panels and will review this position in September 2022.

While it is recognised that face to face Panels may provide Panel members with the opportunity to consolidate working relationships and for applicants to have direct contact with Panel, this is agreed to be outweighed by benefits of Virtual Panels. The advantages of Virtual Panels are seen to be the accessibility of Virtual Panels for applicants and prospective adopters who may be at some distance to the Agency, and to placing social workers. Panels have also benefitted from the presence of Medical Advisers, whose regular attendance has been supported by the use of Virtual Panels.

There has been no interruption to Panel business due to technical or internet access issues. The quality of discussion between Panel members and attendees is not reported to have been impeded through virtual Panels. To mitigate risks to Panel business, applicants are prepared by ATV social workers to use Teams before Panel. Panel prepare and agree questions for applicants which are shared with them in advance of Panel.

Panel business runs smoothly with all relevant paperwork provided in advance. Panel minutes are available promptly for Panel members' oversight. The process of authorising the Panel minutes has now been amended so that the final Panel minutes is always signed off by the Panel Chair.

• The quality of CPRs is seen to be inconsistent, ranging from very good examples to poor. One particularly good example of a CPR has been identified which was comprehensive in its content and used clear accessible language which was considered to be helpful in later life for the child to make sense of their journey.

Where CPRs were seen to be of good quality, there was a clear explanation of the child's journey, consideration of birth parents' circumstances and those of siblings and an understanding of the child's experience of being cared for. There were strong examples of where the child 'came to life' from the page with a good description of them as individual children.

• The quality of APRs and matching documentation was generally seen as being of good quality with a clear articulation of the steps taken by all stakeholders when a match is under consideration and a clear rationale consistently provided to support a match. The evidence in the APRs confirmed that the matching process works well with the involvement of the



Agency's Medical Adviser, use of a Chemistry Visit and planning through Matching and Selection meetings. The oversight of a link social worker from ATV is seen as being critical to ensure the smooth running of matching arrangements and the quality of matching documentation for external matches.

The use of the Adoption Support Plan in its new format has been well received and provides a clear view to Panel about support to be made available to children and prospective adoptive families at the point of matching. The view of the Panel Chairs is that APRs would benefit from specific evidence of an assessment of the child's needs in their prospective adoptive family so that it is clear how the Adoption Support Plan is to meet these.

Panel feedback was that APRs be explicit particularly in transcultural and transracial matches about how the identify and cultural needs of the adopted child are to be promoted.

There appears to be a blanket approach regarding the frequency of Letterbox contact with it often being set at twice per year regardless of the likelihood of this being successful. Further consideration is required in APRs on an individual case basis about the reasons behind proposals regarding Letterbox contact.

In terms of Early Permanence, the best examples include the matching and decision-making documents to provide clarity regarding the initial matching considerations relating to the Early Permanence arrangement. It is proposed that all matches where there has been an Early Permanence arrangement include the decision-making documents which agreed the initial placement.

• Prospective Adopters Reports are generally received by Panel as being of a high quality with a sound assessment of prospective adopters' strengths and vulnerabilities.

Strong examples of those seen were where evidence in the PAR was explicitly triangulated with third party information particularly personal referees. The only area for improvement identified was for consistency in terms of style with reports being a standard set that reports are succinct and avoid repetition from one section to another.

Thematic strengths and areas for improvement for ATV Panel Business and Management of Panel

Strengths

- Panel is well organised with Panel paperwork made available to Panel members in a timely way
- The Panel benefits from child focused Panel members from a wide range of backgrounds.
- Panels are quorate with no delays to Panel business
- The quality of assessment and decision making for children has been positive over this last reporting period.

- There are good examples of early permanence and sustained efforts to match children to meet their diverse needs including appropriate use of external matches
- The Panel have appreciated the knowledge and expertise the team manager group have brought to Panel when acting as Panel Advisers. It is anticipated that a dedicated Panel Adviser role will bring consistency to the quality assurance of documents to Panel and Panel's own quality assurance function.

Areas for Development

- Regular quarterly meetings between the Panel Chairs and ATV's ADM to strengthen communication and their respective quality assurance roles
- Although the Agency has continued to successfully recruit to the Central List, further recruitment is planned to achieve a diverse Panel membership including members who are care experienced
- Strengthening the Quality Assurance role of Panel through a specific Quality Assurance item on the agenda of each Panel meeting
- Joint training between Panel members and ATV to develop joint understanding of Panel's quality assurance function.
- Observation of Panel by Local Authority ADMs to provide assurance.

8. Adoption Support

Adoption support is a key strategic priority, both nationally through the National Adoption Strategy, and locally, through the agreed ATV board strategic priorities.

Adoption Tees Valley continues to operate the 3 Tier model of Adoption Support **Tier 1** is universal support which includes: a post adoption support plan for all new children placed, as • recommended by the Adoption UK Adoption Barometer report (2020) • One year post order adoption support from the named social worker paid for access to the Adopter Hub (PACT UK) for all new prospective adopters, through matching and placement, until the Adoption order is granted. • Engagement events such as support groups, and activity days Monthly ATV newsletter Access to the closed facebook group for ATV adoptive • parents, and prospective adopters, with up to date local information around activities, benefits and information on adoption Facilitation of all indirect contact via letterbox arrangements Tier 2 Targeted support, relevant to the level of need: Therapeutic Parenting courses, as detailed below

•	Access to Education support from the ATV Education Support Worker
•	Support for Letter box contact where requested
•	Some direct facilitation of contact between adopted children and birth family members
Tier 3	Support accessed through an adoption support assessment
	pleted by a qualified and experienced adoption support social er, addressing higher levels of need:
•	Assessment for therapeutic intervention, accessed through the ASF
•	Allocation of a social worker, either as a single qualified worker
	for the family, or as part of a multi-disciplinary team, working across multiple agencies (e.g. LA/CAMHS)
•	Adoption allowances, which are paid by the relevant local Authority

8.1 Adoption Support Audit

In February 2022 ATV was invited to be a pilot RAA for a new Adoption Support Audit, geared at helping the national system co-ordinate a consistent and unified framework for evaluating adoption support, examining strengths of the ATV RAA offer, and those areas for development.

ATV Service Manager, Adoption Support team, and the ATV Board welcomed the opportunity to be involved in this audit, as it offers an independent assessment and evaluation of the ATV offer, against the "Blueprint for Adoption Support".

Overall, feedback has been positive with many areas of strength identified. In particular, the ATV Education Support offer, delivered by a skilled and experienced educationalist, funded by the collective of 5 Virtual Schools (VS) in Tees Valley, was identified as exemplary. The Auditor felt this element of the ATV offer demonstrated an innovative use of the VS funding for previously looked after children, and through the interview with the Education Support Worker, and evidence provided, the impact of Education Support was able to be positively evaluated.

An area of development is for more strategic partnership working with health. This has been debated at the ATV Board following discussion on the audit findings, and there are now plans underway for a Strategic Board to oversee multi-disciplinary work between Children's Services and Strategic Health, in relation to Children in Our Care, and Adopted Children.

An action plan has been developed following the Audit, which is being progressed through ATV, with partner Local Authorities, and in dialogue with services contributing to an adoption support offer.

Future National Strategic Developments in Adoption Support

- The national RAA system is currently working with the ASF to develop a nationally agreed outcomes framework for adoption support. A pilot is underway, testing out models of outcome measures. It is intended that the benefits to the child and family of any funded therapeutic input will be able to be evaluated, which will impact on evaluation of quality and impact of service delivery by providers.
- The ASF has been confirmed for the next 3 years, and a new method for agreeing funding has been implemented, with all work being invoiced in arrears.
- The Department for Education has confirmed funding via the Spending Review for future delivery of a programme of Centres for Excellence, which are multi-disciplinary teams centred around RAA's, delivering a multi-agency, multi-disciplinary connected adoption support offer for children and families. The 2 pilot Centres for Excellence, in One Adoption West Yorkshire, and Adoption Counts were positively evaluated in the e cory's third evaluation of RAA's. It is anticipated that funding criteria will be rolled out in Autumn 2022, and ATV will seek to maximise opportunities to work in partnership to promote multi-disciplinary working.

8.2 Developments in Adoption Support ATV

Reported at the last annual report was a decline in numbers of assessments completed, and a slight reduction in drawn down funds from the ASF, to provide therapeutic support to adopted children, those placed for adoption, and their families.

A further challenge for the service was the long waiting lists for access to an adoption support assessment, which could be several months.

Development over this period:

• Waiting lists have been addressed through a review and re-structure of the adoption support assessment process. A new 2-hour adoption support assessment is booked and completed via telephone, by one of the adoption support social workers, following any enquiry, or duty referral. These assessments are booked with the adoptive parent, and provide an adoption support assessment within 10 days, which enables gathering of the required information on which to submit an application to the ASF, and consideration of any tier 1 or tier 2 provision which can be offered, to the family without delay. Allocation to a



social worker remains a challenge, in some cases, however, the new process is enabling the Adoption Support Manager to assess all new cases and prioritise accordingly.

- Development of direct work with children and young people has been subject to re-focus over this year. In December 2021 the ATV Board agreed an increase in resource for dedicated adoption support workers (none social work qualified). The service has been able to build on some project work undertaken during 2020-21 with a group of young people, and a film was made around their experiences in education during 2021. The service has now appointed 2 further fulltime adoption support workers and has been able to dedicate the equivalent of 0.5 FTE post to direct work with children. The project is managed by one of the Assistant Team Managers, Di Cox.
- The service has continued to build on the delivery of therapeutic parenting groups, and tier 1 groups which are available to all adopters. The service has partnered with the Sage Gateshead, to bring the "Loud and Clear" music project to ATV, with weekly music sessions taking place for pre-school children and their parents.

	2020-21	2021-22	
Number of adoption support referrals	83	106	
Access to Files requests/completed	36	40	
Adoption Support Assessments completed	55	106 +94 repeated assessments	(Repeat assessments not reported previous year)
Successful application to ASF	166	200	
Unsuccessful application to ASF	0	0	
Value of applications to ASF	£637,551 + £70,965 Covid	£718,302	
Education Support Cases during year	59	77	

8.3 Adoption Support -Referrals and Assessments

Number of Post Box Contract Agreements	279	956 *	 Methodology for measures have changed within the year. Now reported- new letterbox contracts set up.
Birth parent Support Referrals		42	
Children returned to Local Authority care Following Adoption order granted		6 (all older children/teenagers)	Information has not been reported previously.

New adoption support assessments have almost doubled on the previous year, and the data now includes those children and families where a second or third assessment has been undertaken, for further funding application to the ASF.

The picture is that many children require a further period of therapy, and this means that ATV remain involved, overseeing review of the therapeutic input, and any further social work support, or involvement that is required.

The service has addressed challenges around delays in families being able to access an adoption support assessment, through an initial assessment, which meet statutory requirements. This early assessment enables consideration of services which can be offered more quickly. Crucially, this allows the application for therapy to be made to the ASF at an earlier stage.

On 31.3.22 there were 20 families awaiting allocation for an adoption support assessment, however, at the time of writing this has reduced to 0 families waiting, which is a significant achievement for the Adoption Support Service, and of course for families. Allocation to a social worker, where required may take longer, however, initial involvement, and an offer of some additional support is enabled more quickly.

Challenges remain in relation to access to wider supports which are not available within ATV, and which are accessed through the Local Authority in which the family live, or from health and third sector providers.

During the year there were 28 children also open to local Authorities, either in Child in need or Child protection teams. A further 15 children were open to CAMHS services, or have been during this year.



The service is working towards a more integrated approach to adoption support, to prevent family breakdown, and the long term impact on children and young people, and their families, where needs are not met, and support is not provided in a timely way.

In this year, although just one child had a disruption prior to adoption order, there were 6 older young people whose adoption placement broke down, and who returned to the care of the Local Authority. These children are being reviewed, to analyse factors which impacted on their breakdown, which will inform future multi-agency work.

Adopter Hub

The service has continued the contract with the Adopter Hub, which is an on line resource and support service delivered by PACT UK. The service originally commissioned this service through covid funding in 2020-21. The Adopter Hub has now been integrated into preparation and support of adopters, with specialist and up to date webinars and information on a range of relevant topics for adoption and caring for adopted children. The service commissions 200 licenses, and adopters paid membership commences from the start of stage 1 and is ended at a time when there is a need to enable more new applicants to register.

Newsletter and ATV Facebook

The service provides a monthly newsletter for adopters, which was positively fed back on ion the survey of adoptive parents, 2021.

The service has a closed facebook site for adoptive parents registered with ATV, which is a further source of disseminating information, resources, information about events, and general adoption updates.

8.4 Therapeutic Providers- Commissioned services

ATV has operated a providers List, for therapeutic input since 2019. The commissioning strategy is to achieve better outcomes and quality of intervention, through a procurement and commissioning process.

The Framework was opened up again for additional Providers in 2021, and a further 3 providers were awarded Preferred provider status.

The framework is now due for a full re-tender, and this process has commenced.

8.5 Therapeutic parenting and Supporting the Sensory needs of children

These are targeted towards families who may need additional support to assist with attachment and emotional needs, including behaviours which bring challenge to parenting, and for the child.



Providers on the Framework have been invited to deliver group therapeutic parenting training.

The following group sessions have been delivered, funded via ASF:

- Nurturing Attachments a 3 day programme, following the Kim Golding DDP model delivered by the Kim Golding Foundation. This was attended by 3 families.
- Future Stars Sensory integration a 10 week programme for parents and children, to support sensory development and integration. A total of 5 families attended.
- Non Violent Resistance Training for parents who have experienced violence or threats from children placed. This is a 10 week programme, aimed at helping parents to share, reflect and learn around the communication needs of their child, and support to reduce the dynamic of violence. The programme is delivered by a trained therapeutic leader, who is also an adoptive parent. This programme has run twice in ATV in this period, providing help to 19 families.

8.6 Education Support

As detailed above, Education Support service is seen as a significant strength of the Adoption Support offer at ATV.

77 families have received a service from the Education Support Worker, many of whom also are "open" to the Adoption Support team for tier 3 services.

Leanne Albeson, Education Support Worker highlights:

Education support has been very much about raising awareness of the needs of the adopted children and highlighting the impact of early trauma, which adopted children have experienced in many cases.

There have been 8 cases where the children successfully changed education provision to one which has a greater understanding and can meet their needs, and families feel supported.

There were 9 cases where after support intervention, the children were added to the Special Educational Needs register and received additional support. There were 2 cases of the child "school refusing" which has now changed due to the school have more support for the children in terms of higher needs funding. 9 of the children received EHCP's to secure support. Of these 9, 1 of the children was not previously on the SEN register and spent the majority of the day out of the classroom. School now have a better understanding of the child, and their support needs, associated with adoption and early life experiences.

Additionally, the Education Support Worker has undertaken training related to adopted children and their needs for designated teachers in one local Authority; training in trauma and attachment across 3 schools, and has contributed to the production of the ATV Young people's film on education experiences. She has also supported the peer review process in one Local Authority- Redcar and Cleveland.

In 2021 the Education Support Worker post was confirmed as a permanent post within ADT, with agreement from the 5 VS Heads and the ATV Board, in order to secure continuity of the service.

9. Non-Agency Adoptions

Enquiries for Step Parent Adoptions	50
Assessments Completed	6 (plus 4 withdrawn)
Adoptions Granted	6
Assessments awaiting allocation	60

One social worker is allocated to undertake step parent adoption assessment work. This is the maximum current resource that ATV can reasonably allocate, given the assessment, family finding and adoption support work for Children in Our Care, and adopted children that is required.

The demand for step parent assessments is increasing, and presents a troubling dilemma for ATV and for the ATV Board, as this essentially private family law work competes for the stretched resources of LA's. Currently, ATV is unable to allocate any more than 1 worker to these non-agency adoptions, as there is demand for recruitment, assessment, placement and support work for children on our care, requiring adoption.

Children in Step Parent families are largely children who are already secure, stable, live with and have relationships with their parents and carers. The child and family wish is to confirm this via Court Order, however, demand issues are present in this region.

10. Staffing

ATV had the following organisational structure, within the year:

Service Manager	1 FTE	Marketing Officer	0.5 FTE
Team Manager – Recruitment and Assessment	1 FTE	Qualified SW's undertaking assessments, family finding, matching and placing children, preparation training	10.9 FTE
Team Manager – Adoption Support	1 FTE	Qualified social workers undertaking adoption support, and lead on Letter Box	5.15 FTE

Assistant Team Manager- Family Finding; Permanence Champion; Adoption Support	2 FTE	Qualified social worker role undertaking stepparent adoptions	1 FTE
Business Manager	1 FTE	Senior Business Support Business Support Apprentice BS	1 FTE 1.8 FTE 1.0 FTE
		Adoption Support workers Letter box Co-Ordinator Education Support Worker	1.4 FTE 0.8 FTE 0.95 FTE

Staffing budget is £1,334,892 per annum.

As part of the ATV Review, analysis and comparison was made with 14 RAA's, who had published financial information.

The average staffing costs per unit cost of adoption across all 14 RAA's was $\pounds 21,738$ while ATV average staffing cost was $\pounds 18,569$, with a variance of $\pounds 3169$ under the average staffing cost, per unit cost of adoption.

A business case was made to Board in October 2021 for an additional 2 FTE social workers; 0.6 FTE Panel Manager and Advisor; 1.4 Adoption support workers (unqualified). Increase in social workers is to invest in more internal assessments, and in Panel Manager it is to improve quality of Panel function, and to ensure all regulatory aspects are met.

The ATV Board agreed these posts in January 2022, and recruitment has commenced to fill the posts. At the time of writing not all posts are filled, although recruitment has taken place.

Staff Engagement

Staff have had a survey as part of the overall review of ATV within this year.

The reviewer felt the responses were very positive, and included comments such as:

- "I have always felt so passionate about being involved in creating the best possible outcomes for vulnerable children. I feel like everyone at ATV shares this passion and uses their high levels of knowledge, skills and experience to find loving families for vulnerable children across the Tees Valley, who are unable to live with their birth family for whatever reason"
- "Nice atmosphere to work in both staff and managers all helpful and welcoming. Feel that making a difference to children's lives opportunity and feel listened to regarding developments and improvements"



- "Seeing the difference, we make to children and families alike is worth the at times extremely hard work that goes into each and every case. From where we started to where we are now feels like a lifetime away and I'm excited to see where we go in the next 3 years".
- "I have really supportive managers, I'm trusted to get on with my work, I feel valued",

When asked the question "What do you think Adoption Tees Valley could improve on?", one staff member said

• "I feel like I'm stuck in a 'structure' with no scope for progression".

Several staff referred to the need for more staffing resource due to high workloads and the need to improve timeliness, post-adoption requests and referrals, life story books and letterbox services. The survey feedback taken alongside analysis of value for money, and unit cost of adoption, should inform a review of capacity to manage volume of work in ATV.

Within the survey, 94 % of staff said they felt they had the opportunity to develop innovative and creative practice.

Staff Training

Staff have the opportunity to select a variety of training opportunities which are on offer from the host Council, Stockton, or from one of the other LA's. Training is regularly offered from the Tees Safeguarding Hub and also from the RAA and CVAA programme.

All staff have now been advised to maintain their training via the Stockton individualised learning portal.

2 Assistant Team Managers have started the Stockton Council Level 5 Management Qualification, via an apprenticeship, and 1 Senior Business Support Officer is undertaking the Level 3 Supervisor Apprenticeship.

Additionally, ATV have contributed to Middlesbrough Redcar and Cleveland and Darlington training programmes on adoption, including for IRO's.

Staff Absence

Staff absence due to sickness in this year is 259 days, which is 7.7 days per staff member.

Staff absence has largely been in relation to a small number of staff with periods of absence over 3 months in this year. There has been some impact of covid related absence, although within this year this has not led to a significant loss of any member of staff. Staffing absence has had impact on the overall resource within ATV, and additional temporary staffing has been put in place to provide some cover, but the service has run at a lower level of staffing overall.

Staff Turnover

During this year 3 members of staff have left the service, one who has been on maternity leave, and 2 have retired.

11. Quality Assurance

National Minimum Standard 25.

The following mechanisms are in place for managing and monitoring the work of the agency, and the quality of work.

- The Review of ATV was a wide reaching review, to assess progress of the RAA against the agreed objectives that were set out at the implementation of the RAA. The report was completed in this year, and was presented to Board, with a development plan.
- The adoption support service was a pilot for an independent audit of adoption support. A report was produced and presented to Board. Strengths are reported in the main body of this report.
- Tracking systems to enable regular monitoring of children and adopter progress; timeliness, and outcomes. Tracking highlights barriers to be addressed, for example, delays in GP reports have been addressed with the assistance of the Safeguarding GP. Tracking highlights cases to be escalated within the LA where there is risk of drift and delay.
- Tracking of children enables focussed discussions with Adoption Lead officers quarterly, or as required, to ensure that individual children's plans are progressed in a timely way, and that thematic practice issues within Local Authorities are addressed. A performance, assurance and challenge meeting (PAC) has been held with the Adoption Lead for each LA, quarterly following ASGLB and ATV Scorecard data returns. The output is the LA Adoption Lead report to their respective LA Performance Monitoring Forums.
- Permanence Champions for each Local Authority ensure that children's referrals and plans are understood, and progressed to adoption where applicable, in a timely way.
- ATV attends one Local Authority (Middlesbrough) Permanence Monitoring Group, monthly, and the Gateway panel monthly, to assist with the improvement journey for that LA, and with quality and timeliness of practice for children.
- The Balanced Scorecard (BSC) is generated quarterly detailing key performance data, user feedback and satisfaction measures; complaints/compliments; finance. This is presented to the Board quarterly, which has a role in questioning, challenge and being satisfied as to the effectiveness of the service.
- The Adoption Panel has a quality monitoring role in the Service around business presented to it, for consideration and advice. As detailed in

section 7, there are plans to develop training for LA's, as part of strategic workforce development planning.

- The Adoption Panel Chairs meet with the Service Manager and provide a report bi-annually to the Service Manager, which will be presented to the Board; Panel; and to the team, for learning and improvement where required.
- Staff performance is monitored via supervision, which is monthly for all staff.
- A case practice audit tool has been developed. Case practice audits were undertaken, across a sample of case records, with managers independent of that case, and the worker. These was collated into a thematic audit report for board to consider.
- Most staff, and all managers have had an annual appraisal.
- Most central List members and Panel Chairs have an annual appraisal. Panel chairs now request that the agency collates themes from appraisal for the annual report. Panel training has been delivered to panel members arising from feedback from panel appraisals.
- Team meetings take place monthly, and are used to convey policy and practice information, involve staff in developments and any quality improvements that are required.
- Adopter feedback has been sought via a survey.
- The Service Manager, and Team Manager, post adoption support, have reviewed and monitored work undertaken by external agencies for post adoption support, to ensure that work supports outcomes and delivers best value.

12. Finance

Adoption Tees Valley is joint funded as a shared service under the Education and Adoption Act (2016) and is a joint funded on a shared basis, with the allocations of funding per LA as detailed below.

2021/22 Financial Year End Position

At the end of the 2021/22 financial year, Adoption Tees Valley overspent by $\pounds 25,000$, which has been funded from the ATV reserve. This leaves only a very small balance in reserves of $\pounds 1,200$

Expenditure Heading	Budget 2021/22	Actual Outturn	Variance year end
Employees	1,331,000	1,434,000	103,000
Running Costs	287,000	275,000	(12,000)

Support Service Costs	113,000	114,000	1,000
Interagency Fees	500,000	677,000	177,000
Income	(2,231,000)	(2,475,000)	(244,000)
Total	0	25,000	(24,000)

Interagency Fees

Interagency fees are payable for those children matched with adopters who are not recruited by ATV. The budget for interagency fees is \pounds 500,000 and was overspent by \pounds 177,000. This led to additional contributions from each Local Authority, as follows:

	Budgeted Contribution to Interagency Fees	Actual for 2021/22	Additional Contribution for 21/22
ATV Interagency 2021/22	500,000	677,000	177,000
Darlington - 20.2%	101,000	137,000	36,000
Hartlepool - 14%	70,000	95,000	25,000
Middlesbrough - 27.2%	136,000	184,000	48,000
Redcar & Cleveland - 14%	70,000	95,000	25,000
Stockton - 24.6%	123,000	166,000	43,000

Key areas of overspend:

- Staffing- temporary cover for maternity leave, and staff to cover sickness absences.
- Additional costs due to 12 month post placements costs, where child placed with VAA's. This is due to adoption orders being held up.

New Funding Formula from 1.4.22

As part of the ATV review the funding formula for running costs- the core cost budget, and for interagency fees was reviewed, to take account of the actual split of business in the 1st 3 years of operation. The review considered some aspects of an activity based costing model, and actual business undertaken on behalf of each Local Authority in the first 3 years.

A new funding formula has been recommended, and signed off, by the Board, and by Directors of Finance in all 5 LA's.

The future split from 1.4.22 will be as follows:

	DBC	НВС	MBC	R&CBC	SBC
Core running costs (2018-2022)	16.2	13.5	31.8	16.7	21.8
Core running costs 2022 onwards	14.6%	14.9%	28.1%	15.5%	26.9%
Interagency fees (2018- 2022)	20.2%	14%	27.2%	14%	24.6%
Interagency Fees 2022 onwards	14.6%	14.9%	28.1%	15.5%	26.9%
Support costs (2018- 22)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Support costs 2022 onwards	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

13. Development Plan for ATV

Area for Development	Plans – at Oct 2021	Progress	Next steps
Strengthening voice and involvement of adopted children in ATV	Appointment to a dedicated YP worker, to support inclusion and involvement	Equivalent of 0.5 FTE adoption SW allocated to children's work. Groups commencing Sept 22, with some additional work over summer 2022.	Project led by an ATV manager, to increase children and young people involvement in ATV commenced. Plans for new Guide to Adoption and group work, for different ages.
Strengthening preparation and assessment of adopters, to support more adopters taking	Strengthening assessment to support pathway will continue	Challenges remain around adopters for Priority children. New tailored	Pilot for tailored assessment will be reviewed internally, and continued if effective.

more children with additional needs		assessment process in pilot. Adopter Hub is targeted at helping prospective adopters continue to develop.	Modules for adding more "add on" training pre and post approval.
Strengthening sufficiency of adopters, through increased marketing	Invest to save business case for more assessment capacity to recruit internal adopters	Challenges in adopter recruitment this year. Staffing increased by 2 FTE SW's, not yet fully in post.	New allocation of SW to oversee enquiry process, to ensure no gaps, and to improve timeliness. Wider marketing strategy.
Taking early permanence strategy to the next stage – phase 2	Support regional EP co-ordinator role and continue to progress EP development with regional partners.	Regional EP co- ordinator in post. Phase 2 EP strategy underway, based on learning from Phase 1.	Continue to work with pan regional EP sufficiency project. Support the Concurrency Project. Build on adopter support for EP carers. Phase 2 training to regional LA's in EP.
Strengthen partnership working, including with early help, to strengthen support to adopters when they need it.	Adoption Support audit. Revised work with Early help partners.	Plans still underway. New region wide strategic health board has been scoped, and due to commence.	Plans being proposed to ATV Board for strengthened adoption support, in line with national model, and ATV adoption support audit.
Continuing to address life story book model.	Support CSW's where needed to complete LS books.	LSB's are now embedded as the responsibility of the CSW.	
Continuing to address timescales for adoption support assessments	The adoption support audit will assist with reviewing service	Restructure of the way in which ASA's are completed- to reduce waiting	Continue to embed the model and strengthen the early offer.

	delivery and offer.	times and provide early access to ATV supports. Currently, none waiting.	Focus on return to care cases for impact evaluation.
Taking forward Panel improvements to maintain a streamlined approach to panel, and quality CPR's	Recruit to Panel Manager post	Panel Manager/Advisor now in post. Action Plan is in place for Panel work.	Further development of integrated QA of panel activity, and involvement of LA ADM's Panel training to reflect needs and gaps.
Continue to develop a focus on children's diversity needs, and welcoming/increasing prospective adopters from ethnic minority backgrounds	Identified through ATV Review	Allocation of a senior SW and Recruitment Manager to this area of work	Community development as part of recruitment More evidence of consideration of diversity needs of children, in CPR's and in matching, including early permanence Panel member diversity to be strengthened.

Vicky Davidson Boyd

Service Manager

Adoption Tees Valley 22.7.22

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